

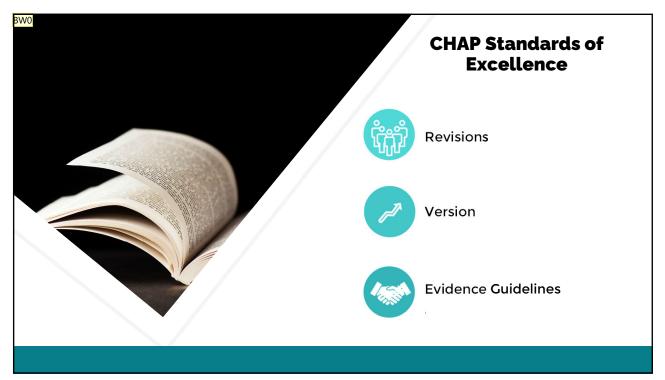
Disclosures/Conflict of Interest

This nursing continuing professional development activity was approved by the Virginia Nurses Association, an accredited approver by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation.

There are no conflicts of interest for any individual in a position to control content for this activity.

How to obtain CE contact hours:

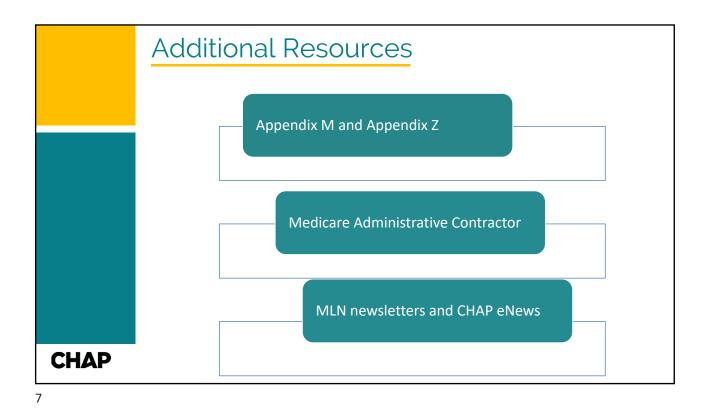
Criteria for successful completion includes attendance at the entire event (both days), participation in engagement activities, completion of an evaluation and completion of the consulting exam.



Slide 6

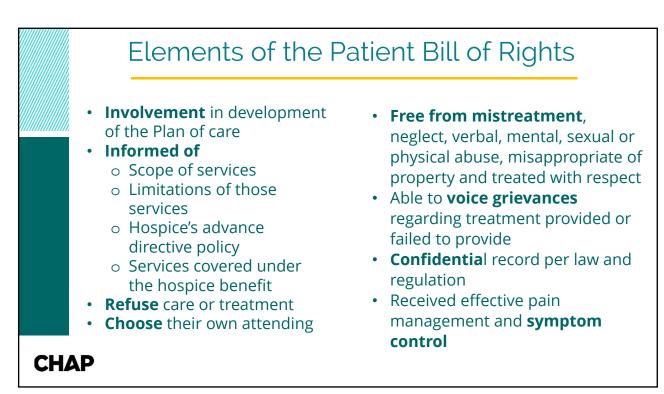
BW0 Start here

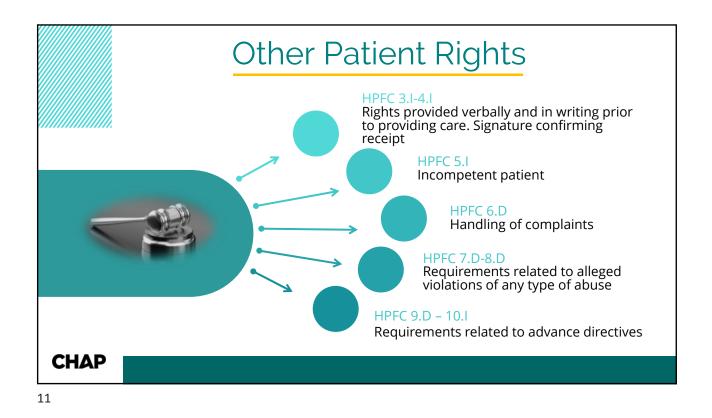
Bobbie Warner, 2022-08-22T21:49:27.522



Reso	urce Tool Example
Standard	Summary of Content
HPFC 1.D	The hospice has a Patient Bill of Rights and Responsibilities
HPFC 2.D	Required elements of the Patient Bill of Rights
HPFC 3.I	Provision of the Bill of Rights during the initial assessment and prior to care provision
HPFC 4.I	Patient right to exercise their rights without discrimination or reprisal
HPFC 5.I	Addressing patients not competent to exercise their rights
HPFC 6.D	Complaint management process including policies and procedures
HPFC 7.D	Addressing allegations of verbal, mental, sexual, physical abuse/mistreatment
HPFC 8.D	Hospice response to alleged violations of abuse/mistreatment per policy
HPFC 9.D	Patient is informed and provided written instruction regarding advanced directives
HPFC 10.I	Advance Directive information provided at initiation of care and documented









	Тор Г	Findings in HPFC		
	Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
	HPFC 10.I	Advance directive provided to patients	L503	36%
	HPFC 1.D	Hospice has a bill of rights	L501	21%
	HPFC 2.D	Elements to be present in the Patient Bill or Rights	L515, L503, L518	21%
				1
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Top Findings in HPFC

HPFC 1.D; 415.82: Bill of Rights

<u>L</u> 501 - The patient has the right to be informed of his or her rights, and the hospice must protect and promote the exercise of these rights.

Top Findings in HPFC

HPFC 10.1; 418.52(a): Advance Directives

L503 - The hospice must inform and distribute written information to the patient concerning its policies on advance directives, including a description of applicable
State law

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Top Findings in HPFC

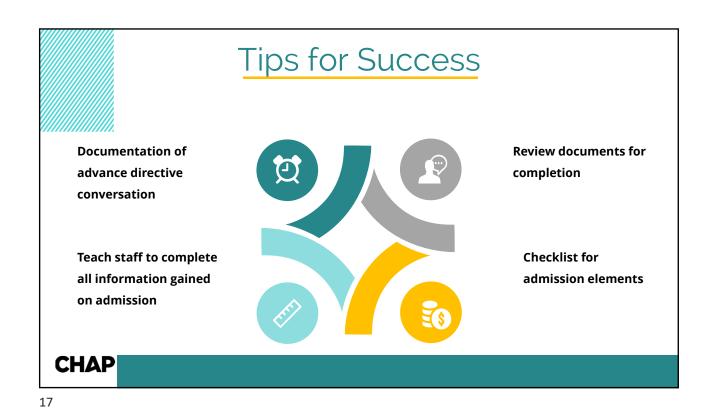
HPFC. D2; 418.52(c)4; Elements of the Bill of Rights

L 503: The hospice must inform and distribute written information to the patient concerning its **policies** on advance directives, including a description of applicable State law.

L 515: Right to choose their attending physician; have this person involved in their medical care in all hospice settings and the attending provides the care for the patient

<u>**L 518</u>**: - Receive information about the services covered under the hospice benefit</u>

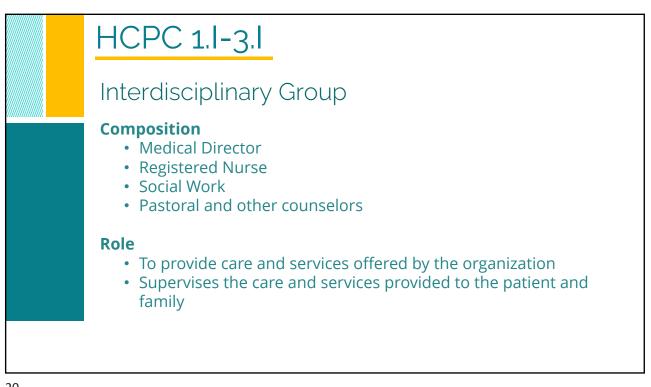


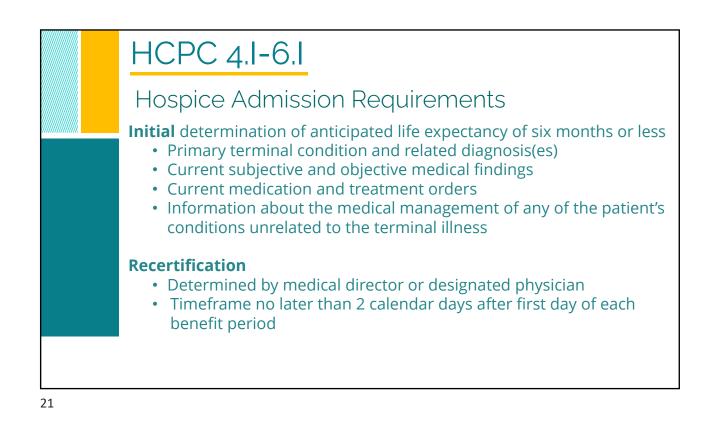


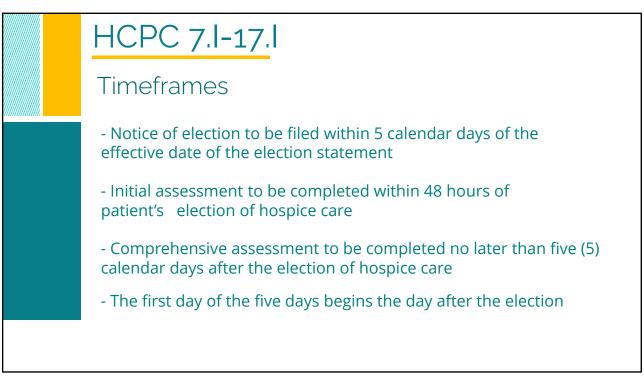












<u>Scenario</u>

Ms. Iris is being discharged from the hospital with a new diagnosis of stage IV pancreatic cancer with metastasis to the liver and has agreed to hospice care upon returning home. The election was signed by Ms. Iris on 8/30/2021. She arrives home and the hospice team makes plans for assessment and development of the plan of care. Due to staffing circumstances a new employee, an RN new to hospice is scheduled to conduct the assessment. The quality director will be reviewing the documentation post assessment.

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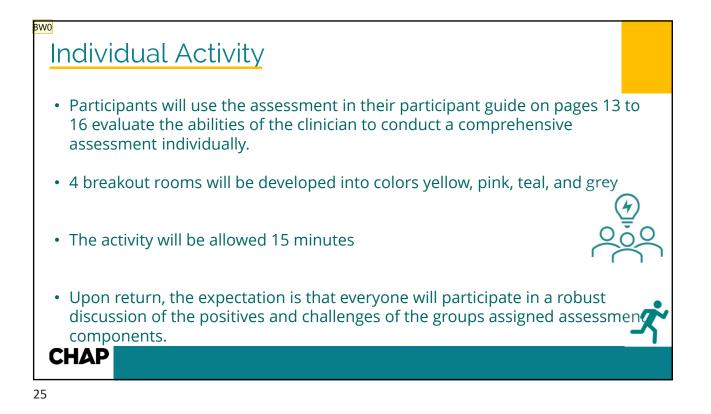
CHAP

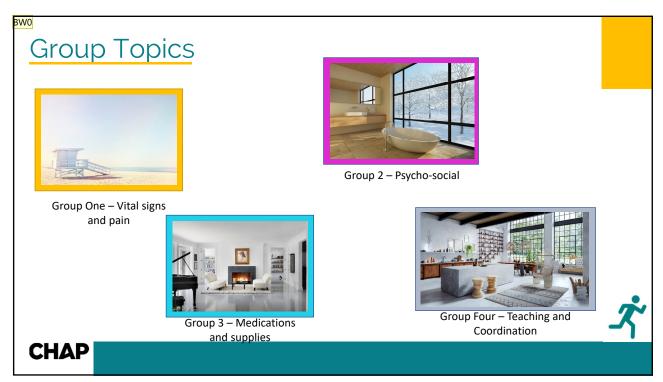
Comprehensive Assessment Elements

Nature and condition causing admission	Co-morbid psychiatric history
Presence or lack of objective data and subjective complaints	Complications and risk factors that may affect care planning
Risk for drug diversion	Functional and cognitive status
Ability to participate in own care	Imminence of death
Symptoms and severity of symptoms	Bowel regimen if opioids are prescribed
Patient and family support systems	Patient/family need for counseling and education
Comprehensive pain assessment	Initial bereavement assessment
Patient/family needs for referrals	Comprehensive drug profile and review
Data elements for outcome measurement	

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HCPC 11.I - HCPC 16.I





Slide 25

BW0 Once the participant guide is ready, put correct dates in Bobbie Warner, 2022-08-29T21:03:00.257

Slide 26

BW0 Once the participant guide is ready, put correct dates in Bobbie Warner, 2022-08-29T21:03:00.257

Patient: Iris Wood SOC: 9/1/2021 Diagnosis – Pancreatic Cancer with metastasis Secondary – Congestive Heart Failure Election of benefit signed 8/30/2021 Discharge – Hospital on 8/31/2021 Level of Care: Routine Hospice Care Age: 70 Advance Directives – Yes

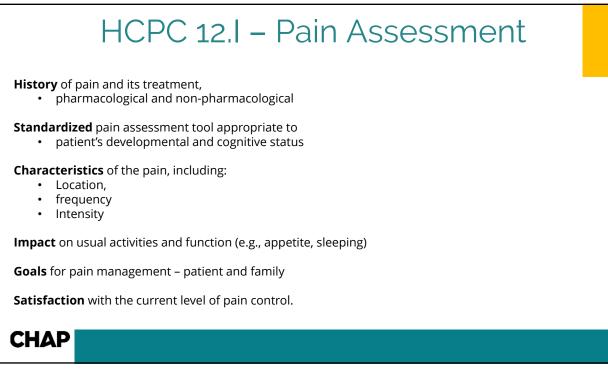
<mark>Vital Signs:</mark>

Temp – 97.7 Pulse – 88 Resp – 24 BP – 118/68 Pulse oximetry - NA

Pain Assessment

Intensity of 4 current and frequently Acceptable level to patient is 4 Description of pain – sharp abdominal pain with movement, becomes dull after medication taken. Current medication effective "usually" "better than before I went into the hospital

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Patient's Primary Concern/Goal Relief of pain and to enjoy her remaining days

Caregiver's primary concern/goal Patient is free from pain per spouse. Primary caregiver is spouse of 49 years

Neurological status

Patient alert and oriented to person, place and time No issues with vision, smell, taste Becomes anxious with increasing pain

Cardiac status

Pulse regular, patient with +2 edema both lower extremities (pedal and ankle) No complaints of chest pain

Respiratory

Respirations even, slightly labored when patients "catches her breathe" due to pain Oxygen is in place at 2 liters per minute, nasal cannula Breath sounds bilateral diminished in bases

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Gastrointestinal

Abdomen distended and firm, patient complains of occasional nausea, last bowel movement three days ago. Patient states this is normal for her. Minimal bowel sounds noted in all quadrants.

Genitourinary

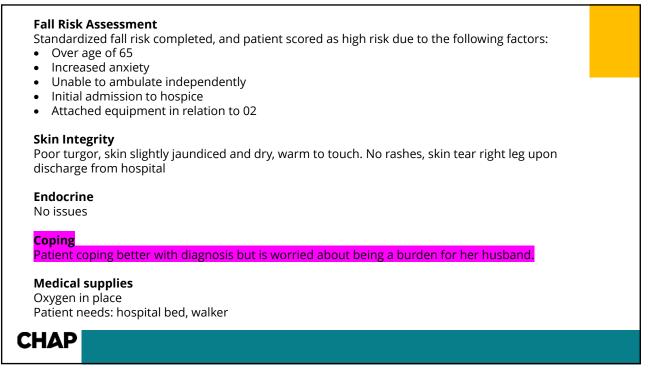
Patient incontinent of urine on occasion. Urine observed to be clear and dark yellow. No complaints of burning or pain with urination. Utilizing urinary pads for incontinence.

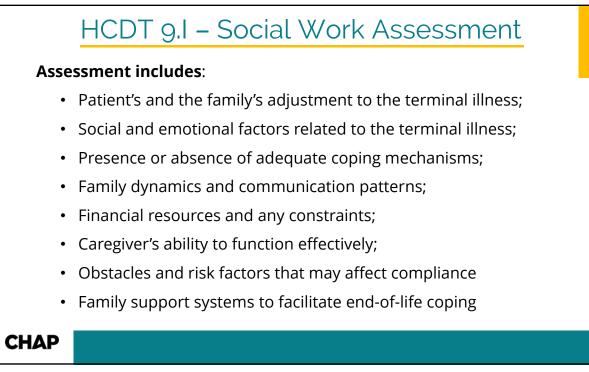
Musculoskeletal

Patient able to move all extremities. States "I am feeling weaker and am afraid of falling." Husband assists with transfer to chair and patient walking 15 steps with moderate shortness of breath. Patient not willing to use bedside commode at this point.

Activities of Daily Living

Husband is assisting with cleaning, shopping, cooking and assisting with medication administration. Assists patient with bath using shower chair in the shower. Patient independent in feeding self





Medications

See medication list

Drug review completed and no interactions or side effects noted

Patient Name: Iris Wood	DOB: 3/23/1952
Diagnosis: Pancreatic Cancer with liver Metastasis	SOC: 7/22/2021
Crestor 10 mg PO daily	
MS Contin 15 mg every 12 hours	
Ativan 0.5mg PO PRN	
Tylenol 325 mg PO PRN	
Atenolol 25 mg PO daily; hold heart rate <50	
Digoxin .25 mg daily	
Albuterol 2.5mg via nebulizer q 6-hour PRN for shortness of breath/wheezing	
Comfort Kit	
DME	
Walker	
10 L concentrator	
Hospital bed	
Overbed table	
Nebulizer	

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CHAP

Comprehensive assessment needs:

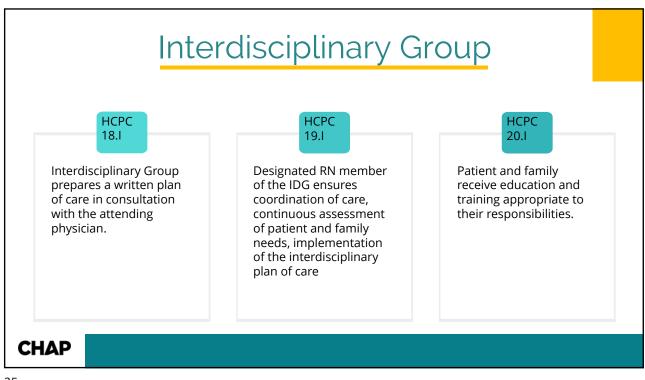
- Nursing
- Social work
- Spiritual care refused
- Physician
- Bereavement -

Teaching completed:

- Disease process and signs of disease progression
- Plan of care review
- Safety during ambulation/transfer
- On call number

Coordination:

- Physician call for update on patient and orders obtained
- DME call for hospital bed
- Social Work notified of patient admission and summary given
- Volunteer unable to provide assistance at this time
- Spiritual counselor not called as patient refused



Interdisciplinary Group Involvement

The admitting clinician is conducting the assessment and does not address the initial bereavement assessment during their visit. The interdisciplinary team is informed of the admission on day two following the election of benefit. The spiritual counselor calls the patient on day three and is refused entry as the patient prefers to talk with her priest. An email is sent to the team to inform them of the patient's decision. The admitting clinician is off for three days and by day six following the election of benefit, there has been no initial bereavement assessment.

CHAP

Plan of Care Elements

Plan reflects patient and family goals

- Planned interventions based on assessments
- All services needed for palliation of terminal illness

Pain and symptom management

Scope and frequency of services

Measurable outcomes anticipated

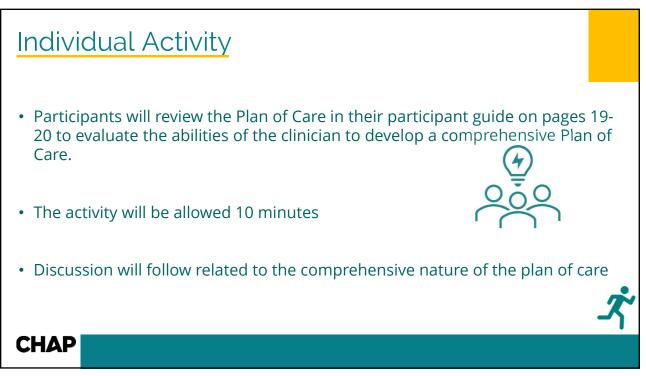
Drugs and treatments

Medical supplies and appliances

Level of patient/representative agreement with the plan

Level of patient/representative involvement with the plan

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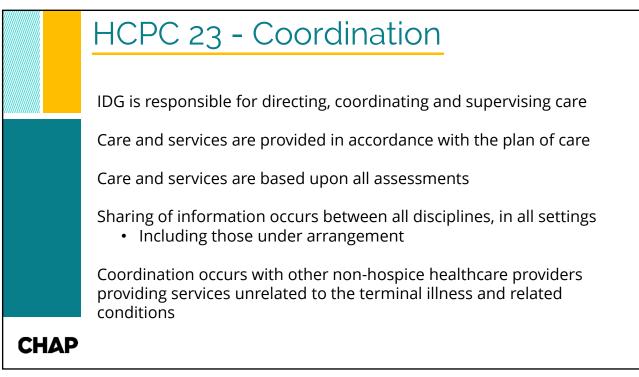


Patient Name:	DOB	SOC Date;
Iris Wood	3/23/1952	9/1/2021
Level of Care: Routine Hospice Care Primary Hospice Diagnosis: Primary Pancreatic Cancer Secondary Diagnosis: Congestive Heart Failure		Referral physician: Attending physician: Name/Address Hospice Medical Director: Name/Address
Address: 45 Apple Blossom Road, Pin	eville GA	

Address: 45 Apple Blossom Road, Pineville GA	
Visit frequency: RN 2w9, MSW 1m3, Chaplain – declined, Hospice Aide 2 w 10 DNR: Yes/No Advance Directive: Yes/No Medical Power of Attorney (POA)Name:	Contact phone number
Language Preference: English Equipment: Oxygen concentrator, Portable Oxygen cylinders, hospital bed, overhe Medical Supplies/Appliances: Depends Special Precautions: Example, fall, oxygen, bleeding Allergies:	ead table, Shower chair etc.

Problem	Alteration in respiratory status
Intervention	Assess vital signs, Assess respiratory status; Assess adequate oxygen to patient comfort level; Teach oxygen Usage, Teach s/s respiratory infection
Goal	Patient will exhibit adequate oxygenation within 1 week as noted by normal respiratory rate and depth.
PATIENT/FAMILY GOA	L:
Problem	Alteration in Pain Management
Intervention	Teach Pt/PCG appropriate use of pain control medications. Teach use of medications per comfort box; assess effectiveness of medication for pain control; assess availability of pain medications; if opiates are prescribed patient placed on stool softener, teach Pt/PCG s/s to report to agency
Goal	Patient's pain will be managed to patient acceptable level of 4
PATIENT /FAMILY GOA	AL
Problem	Alteration in urinary status as evidenced by incontinence
Intervention	Assess skin for potential breakdown; Teach Pt/PCG of need to ensure dry clothing/linen;
Goal	Patient will be free from skin breakdown related to incontinence
PATIENT/FAMILY GOA	L
Problem	Alteration in nutritional status
Intervention	Assess nutritional status of patient; Teach Pt/PCG use of small frequent meals rather than large meals; Teach use of high protein supplements
Goal	Patient will be able to enjoy small amounts of food that are appetizing to her. Nutritional status will assist maintenance of skin integrity.

Intervention	Alteration in ability to care for personal care needs Assess patient need for assistance with ADL. Teach Pt/PCG measures for safety during transfer and ambulation; Aide to provide care to patient 2 times per week for shower with use of shower chair; shampoo each visit, assist with transfer and ambulation; to inform RN of changes in the patient condition
Goal	Patient's personal care needs will be met safely and effectively.
OXYGEN 2 LITER	CIAN ORDERS AS FOLLOWS: RS VIA NASAL CANNULA CONTINUOUS. fr Balloon 5cc to drainage bag PRN Yes /No /prn for urinary retention
Routine comfort	t pack
Patient/Caregive	
i adena curegive	er participated in plan of care and agree to care being provided.



Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cite of HCP
HCPC 21.I	Elements of the Plan of Care	L545, L548	25%
HCPC 15.I	Medication Profile and Drug Review	L530	15%
HCPC 9.I	Assessment within 5 days in accordance with elements of the hospice election statement	L523	13%
HCPC 19.I	Designated RN coordinates care/individualized plan of care in collaboration with physician, patient, primary caregiver	L540, L543	12%
HCPC 22.I	Timely review of the Plan of Care, Revision based on assessment and must note progress	L552, L553	9%

Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC 21.1; 418.56(c): Content of the Plan of Care

L545 - Goals and Interventions and services for palliation and management of terminal illness

L548 - 418.56(c)(3) - Measurable outcomes anticipated from implementing and coordinating the plan of care.

HCPC 15.I; 418.54(c)(6): Drug profile

L530 - A review of all the patient's prescription and over the-counter drugs, herbal remedies and other alternative treatments

Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC 9.I; 418.54(b); Timeframe for completion of the comprehensive assessment

L523 - The hospice interdisciplinary group, in consultation with the individual's attending physician (if any), must complete the comprehensive assessment no later than 5 calendar days after the election of hospice care

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Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC19.I; 418.56(a)(1): Responsible lead

L 540 - The hospice must designate a registered nurse that is a member of the interdisciplinary group to provide coordination of care and to ensure continuous assessment of each patient's and family's needs and implementation of the interdisciplinary plan of care.

HCPC 19.1; 418.56(b) Plan of care

L543 - All hospice care and services furnished to patients and their families must follow an individualized written plan of care

Top Findings in HCPC

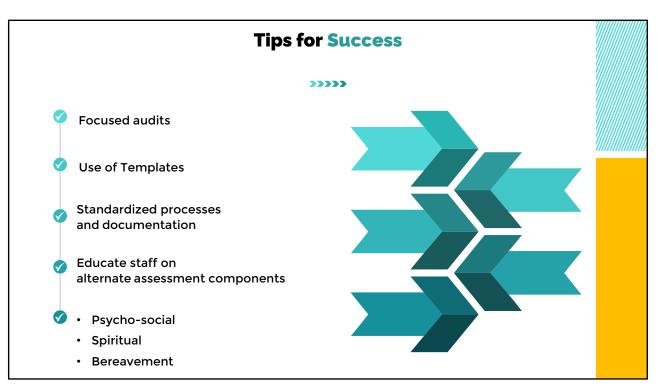
HCPC 22.I; 418.56(d) : Review of the plan of care

L552 - The hospice interdisciplinary group (in collaboration with the individual's attending physician, if any) must review, revise and document the individualized plan as frequently as the patient's condition requires, but no less frequently than every 15 calendar days.

L553 - Revised plan of care includes the updated comprehensive assessment



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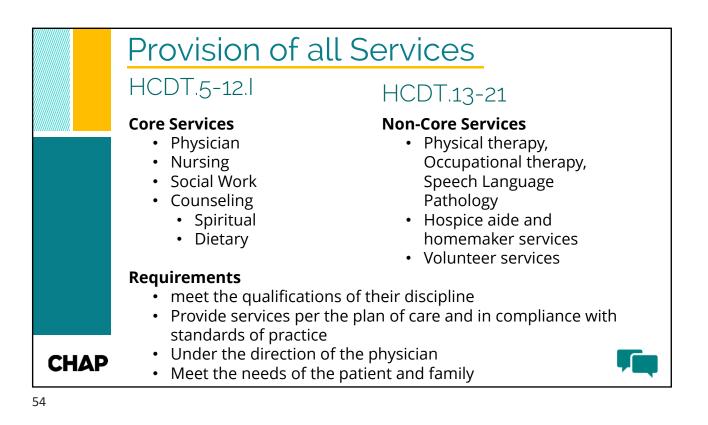




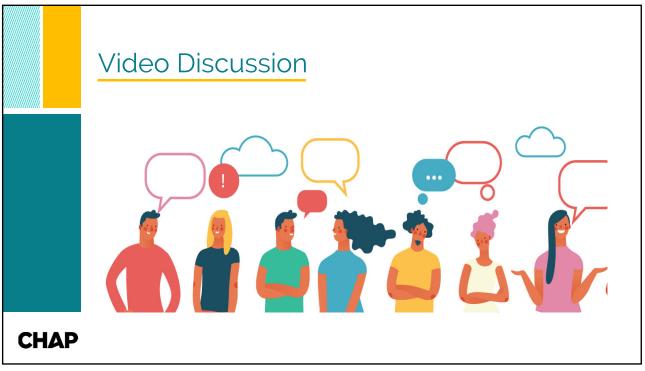


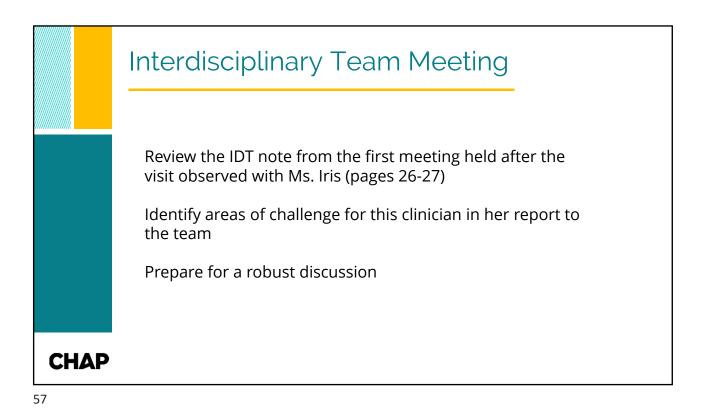
HCDT Standard Summary	HCDT	Standard	Summary	/
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	Provision/Availability of services
HCDT 5.I-14.I	Care in accordance with Plan of Care/standards of Practice
HCDT 15.I-21.I	Aide/Homemaker/Volunteer
HCDT 22.I-28.I	Provision of Services
HCDT 29.I-35.I	Drugs and biologicals
HCDT 36.d-40.l	Discharge/transfer of care
HCDT 41.I	Imminent Death





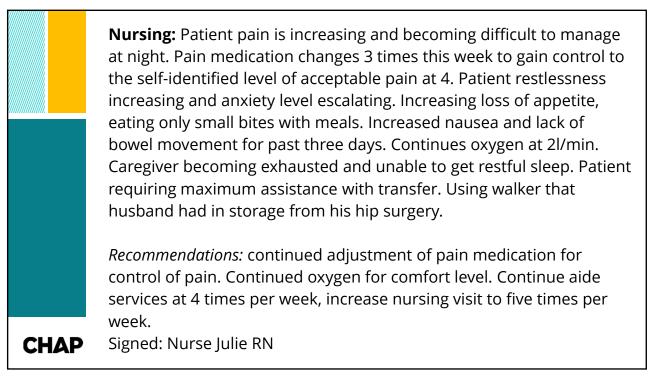


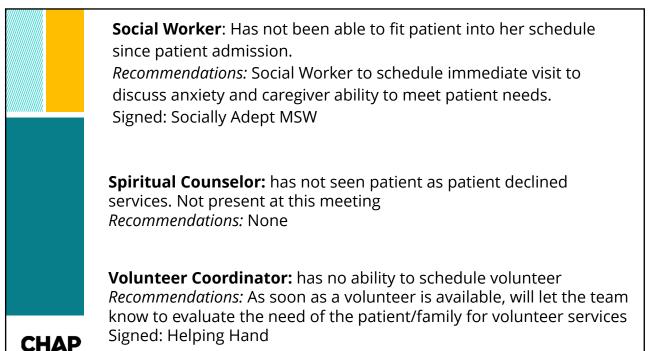


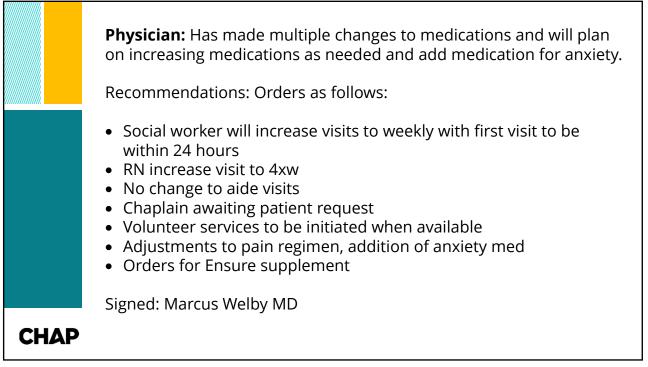


	Patient: Iris Wood SOC: 9/1/2021 Diagnosis – Pancreatic Cancer with metastasis Secondary – Congestive heart Failure Level of Care: Routine Hospice Care Age: 76 Advance Directives – Yes Opioid usage - yes
CHAP	Date of Meeting: 10/14/2021 Problem overview: • diminished respiratory function • increased weakness • increased pain • decreased mobility • decrease in appetite





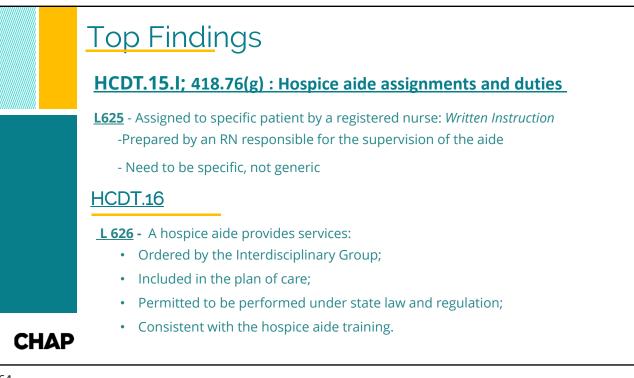




Top Findings in HCDT

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited Of HCDT
HCDT 16.I	Hospice Aide fulfills responsibilities in the plan of care	L 626	29%
HCDT 15.I	Written aide instructions are prepared by RN	L 625	11%
HCDT 39.I	D/C Summary at time of revocation	L 683	10%
HCDT 18.I	Hospice aide reports changes and documents	L 628	8%
HCDT 38.I	Summary needed for transferred patient	L 682	7%

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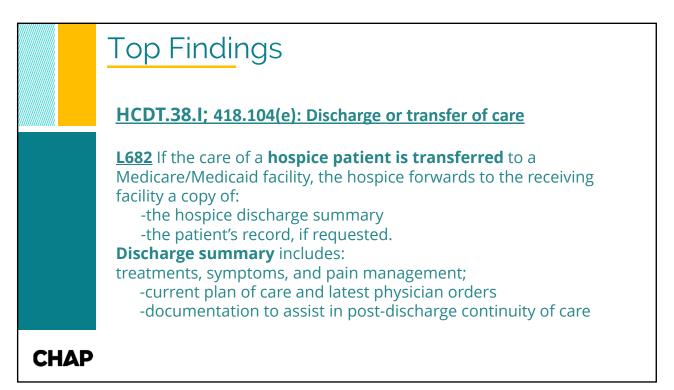


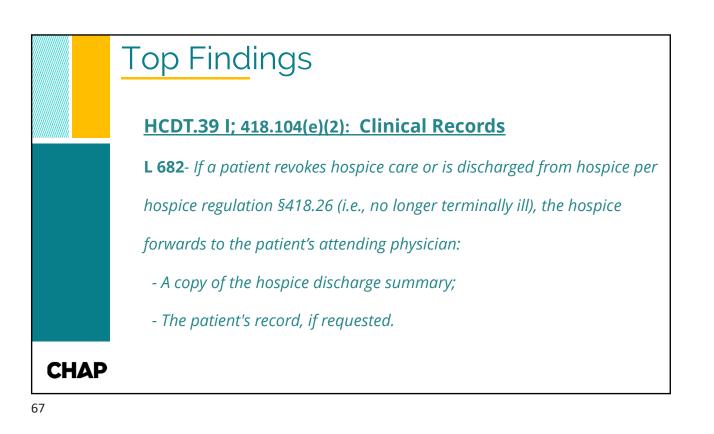
Top Findings

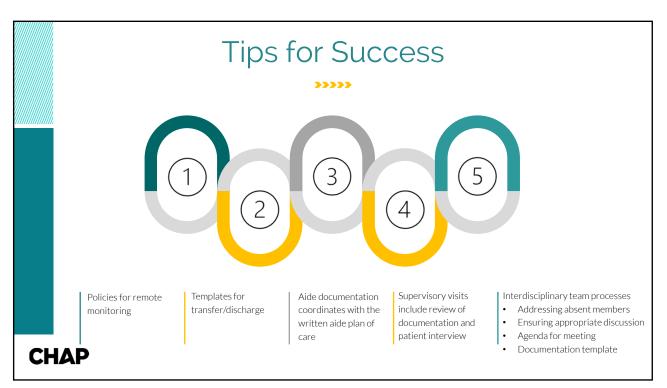
HCDT 18.I; 418.76 (g) 4: Hospice Aide

L628 - Hospice aides must report changes in the patient's medical, nursing, rehabilitative, and/or social needs to a registered nurse as the changes relate to the plan of care and any quality assessment and improvement activities

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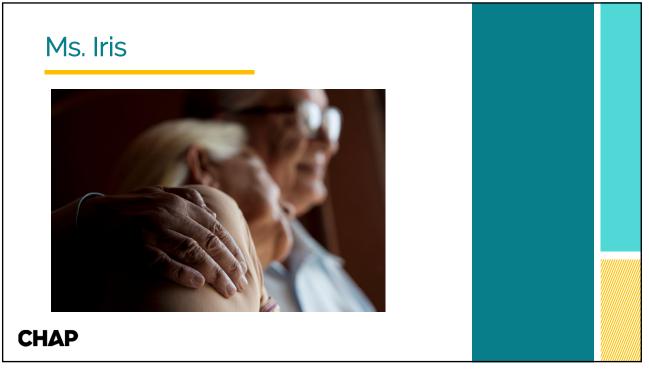


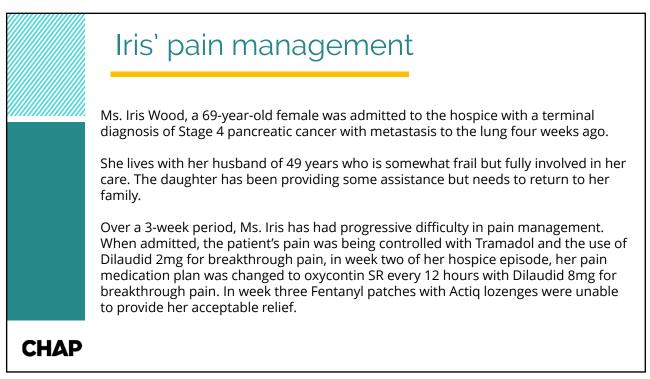


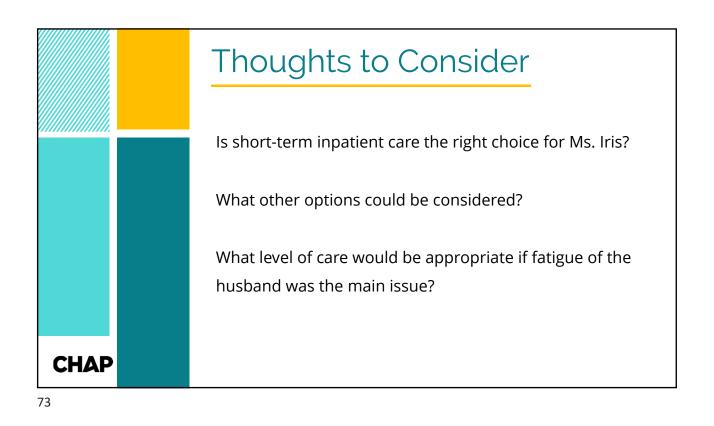












Levels of Care

Routine

-90% of care provided; provided in home, ALF; SNF

<u>Continuous</u>

-8-24 hrs/day at home; may include Home Health Aide services

Inpatient Respite

-Caregiver relief, 5 Consecutive days

General Inpatient

Hospice inpatient home or SNF for RN direct 24hr/day care

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GIP Decision

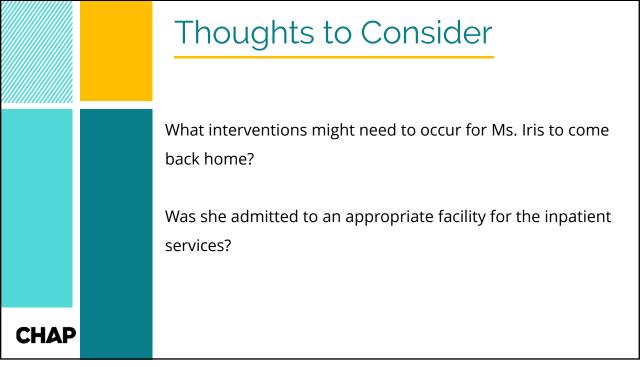
The decision was made to admit her to GIP for pain management. This decision was very difficult for the husband to agree to but after discussion with the social worker, he admitted he felt hopeful in that his wife may be able to get some pain relief. It was noted by members of the IDT that the husband appeared exhausted and had not had a good night's sleep in 3 weeks.

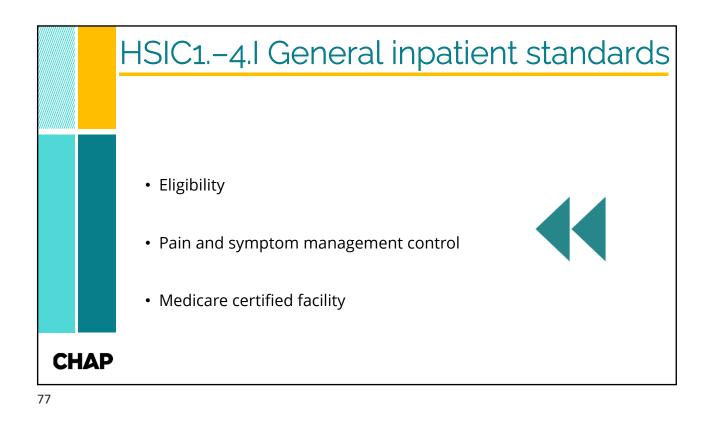
In addition, the personal care needs of his wife were growing more complex each day and without his daughter's help, he was overwhelmed with his wife's needs.

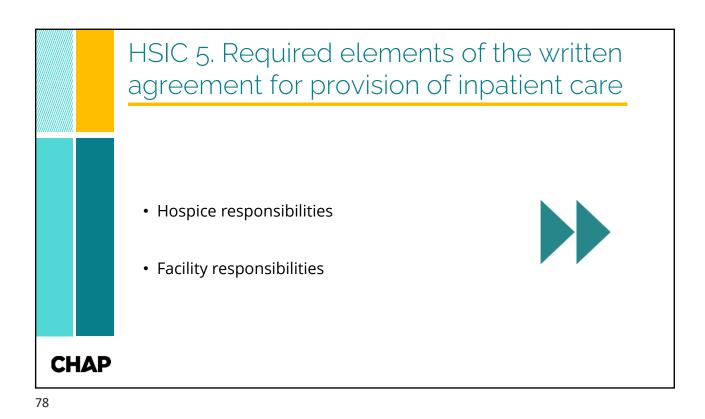
Ms. Iris was admitted to a Medicare Certified Skilled Nursing Facility that the hospice had contracted with for their provision of GIP services.

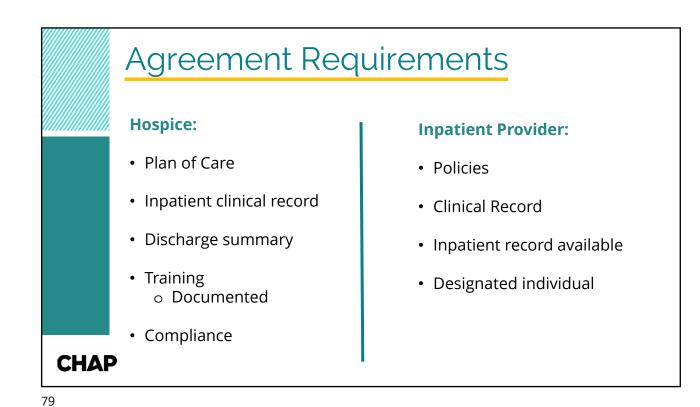
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CHAP









HSIC 6.1 – 34.1 Direct owned IPU
Staffing
Emergency preparedness
Life Safety Code
Facility specifics
Infection control program
Medication administration

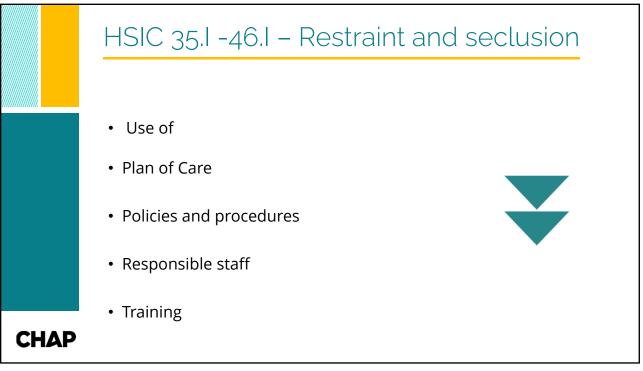
Specifics to life safety code-LSC

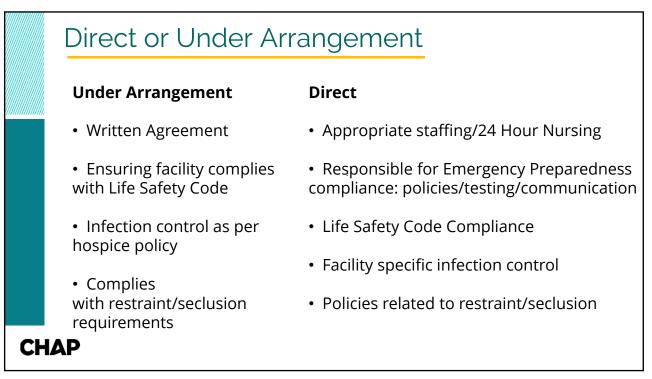
LSC applies to in-patient Hospice facilities Required to meet NFPA 101 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code State regulations must meet or exceed the NFPA regulations LSC requirements for alternate energy sources include:

- A portable and mobile generator meeting LSC NFPA 70 code
- A permanent generator meeting LSC and NFPA guidelines.

LSC requirements for Fire Safety: fire/safety drills are held on all shifts at *varied* times

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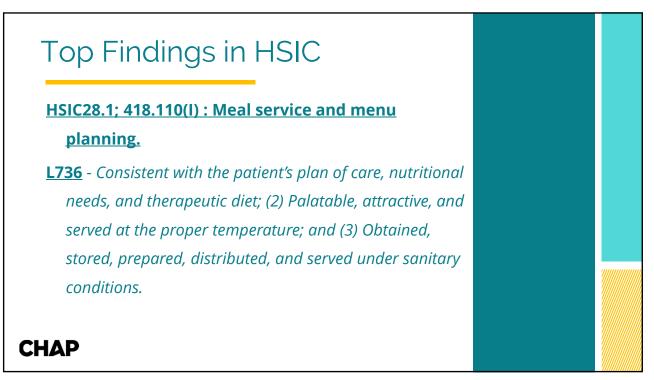




Top Findings in HSIC

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
HSIC 28.I	Preparation/delivery/storage of meals	L736	38%
HSIC 15.I	Documented/dated Life Safety Code fire drills	E0039, L724 L726	23%

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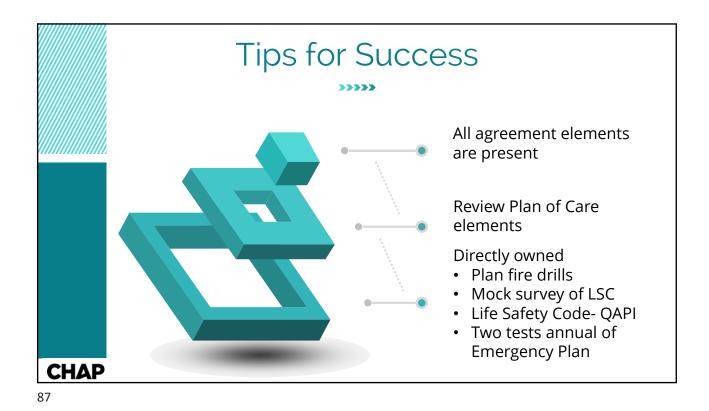
Top Findings in HSIC

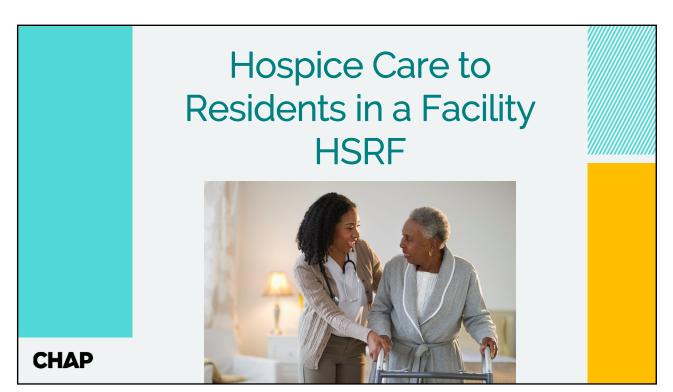
HSIC 15.I; 418.110(c) Physical environment.

<u>L 724</u> - The hospice must maintain a safe physical environment free of hazards

L726 - 418.110(c)(1)(ii): written disaster preparedness plan in effect for managing the consequences of power failures, natural disasters, and other emergencies









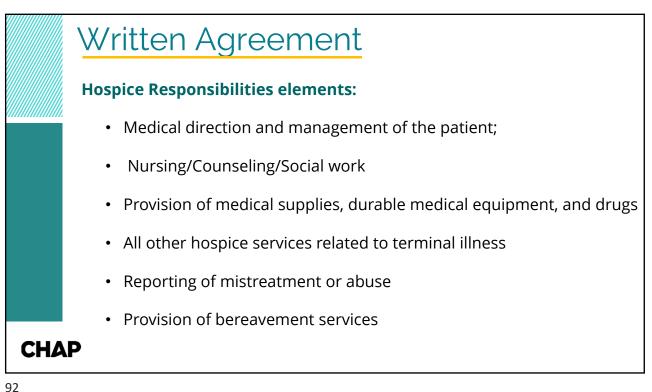


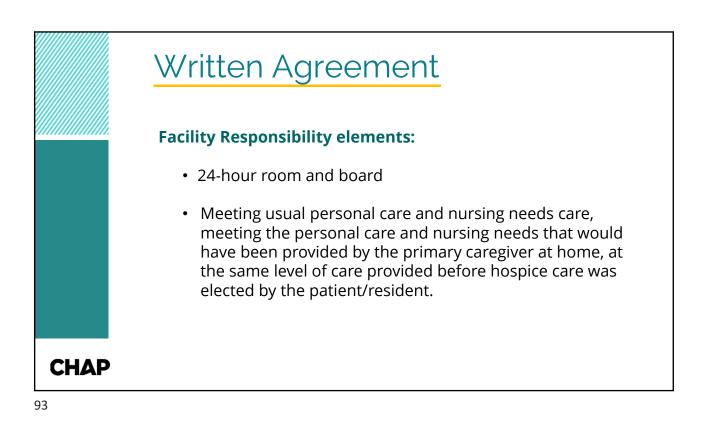
Written Agreement

Hospice Responsibility elements:

The hospice may use the SNF/NF or ICF/IDF nursing staff, where permitted by state law and as specified by the SNF/NF or ICF/IDF, to assist in the administration of prescribed therapies included in the plan of care only to the extent that the hospice would routinely use the services of a hospice patient's family.

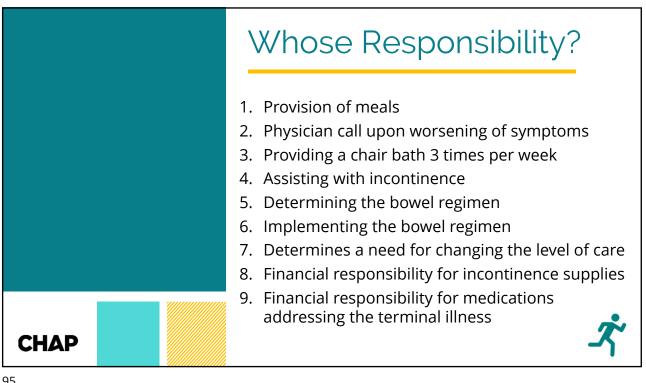
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	Yes, or No? Hospice: • Calling the physician upon worsening symptoms (2) • Determining the bowel regimen for a patient on opioids (5) • Determines a need for changing the level of care (7)
	 Financial responsibility for medications addressing the terminal illness (9)
	 Facility: Provision of meals (1) Providing a chair bath 3 times per week (3) Assisting the patient with incontinence (4) Implementing the bowel regimen (6)
СНАР	 Financial responsibility for long term incontinence supplies (8)

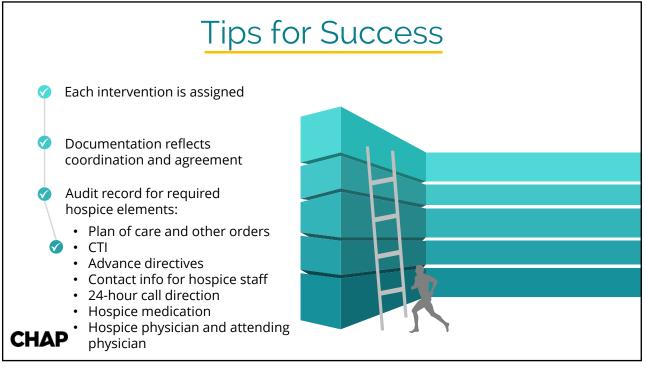
Top Findings in HSRF

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
HSRF 6.I	Hospice plan of care is in place/coordination occurs with facility	L 774	50%
HSRF 9.I	Clinical record required components	L781	50%

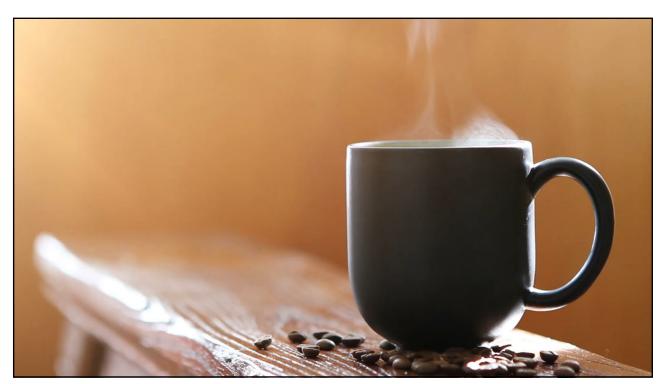
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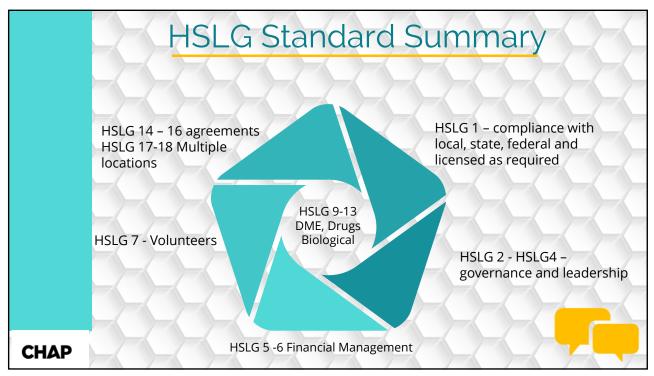
<section-header>DDD Findings in HSRF HSRE 6.1; 418.112(d)(1): Hospice Plan of Care LT74 - identify the care and services that are needed and specifically identify which provider is responsible HSRF 9.1 : 418.112(e)(3) Clinical record LT81 - must have a process by which information from the hospice IDG plan of care reviews, updated assessments, and the facility team and the patient and family (as applicable) will be exchanged CHAP

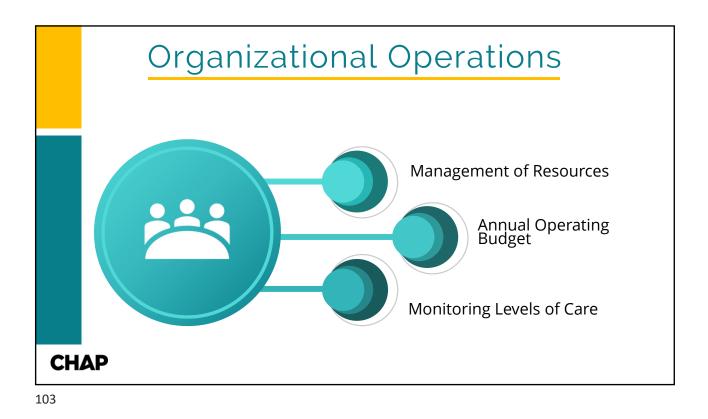


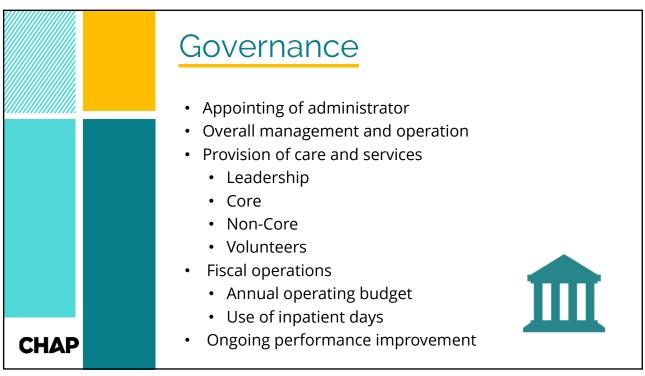




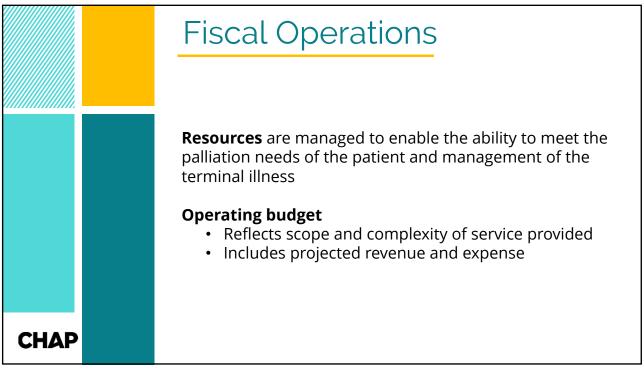


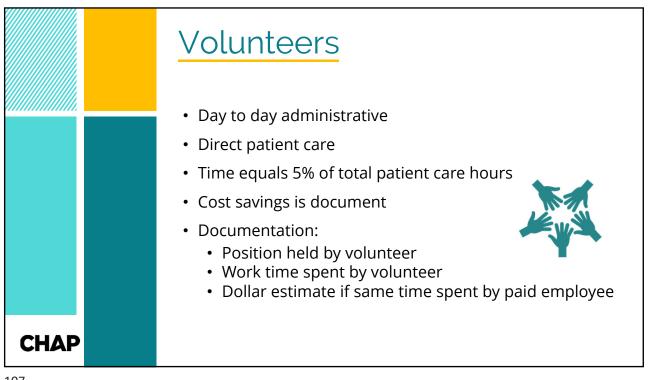




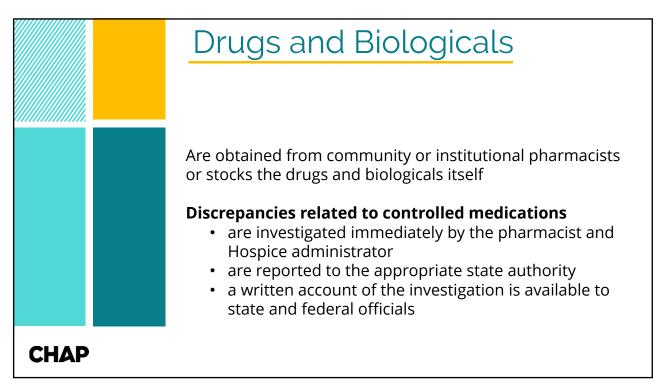






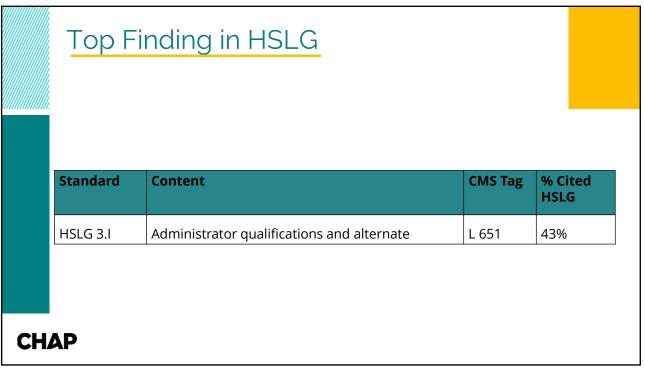










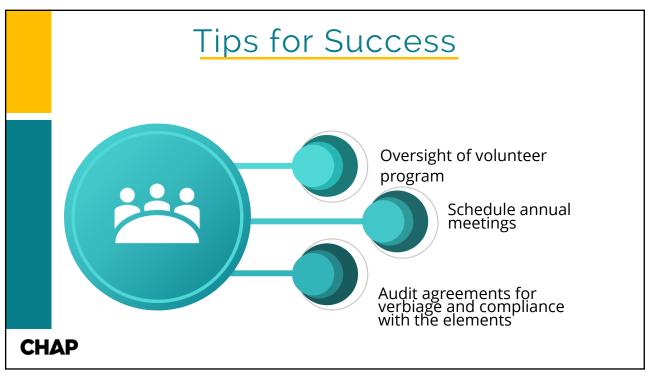


Top Finding

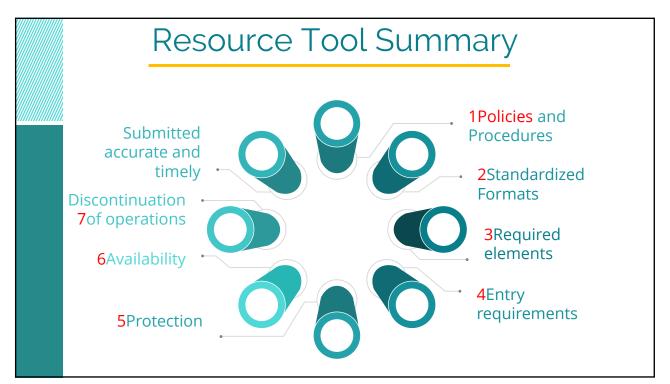
HSLG.3.I; 418.100(b): Governing body and administrator

L651 - A governing body assumes full legal authority and responsibility for the management of the hospice, all services, fiscal operations, quality.

СНАР







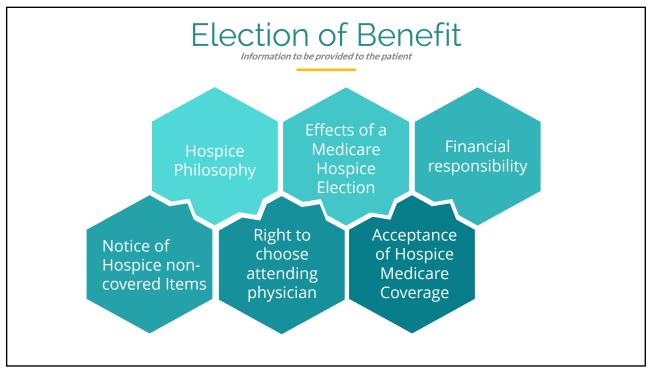
Clinical Record Elements

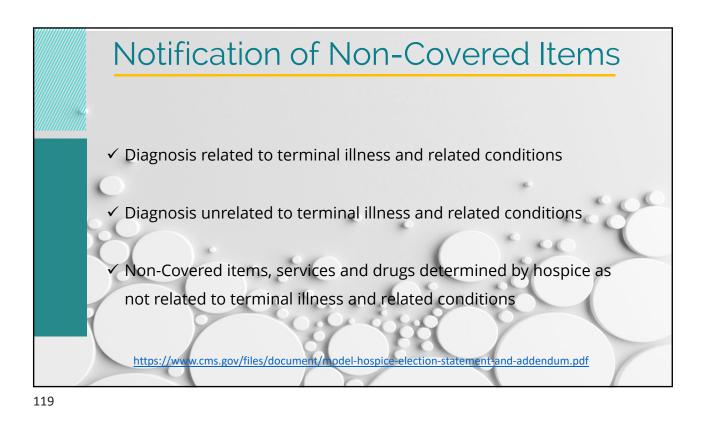
Plans of Care Assessments Clinical notes Patient rights Hospice Election of Benefit Responses to interventions

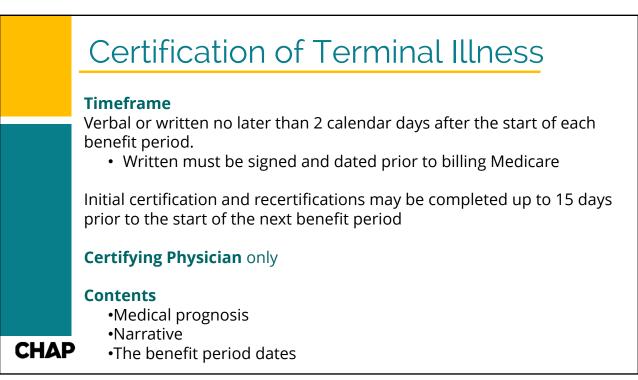
•Outcome measure data elements

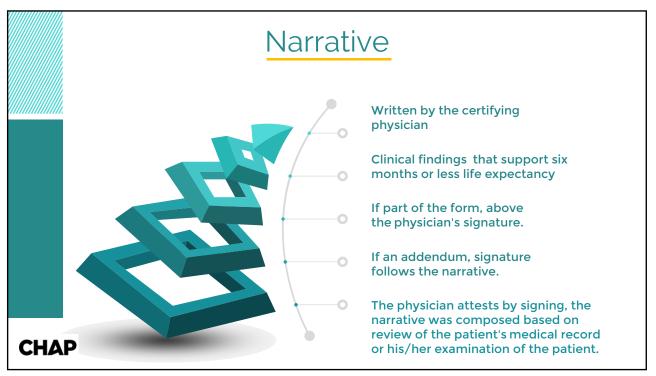
- Physician certification
- Advance Directives
- Inpatient discharge
- summary
- Physician orders

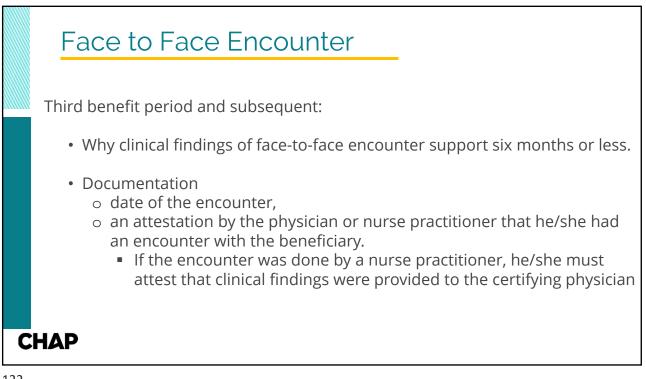
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	Common Errors
	 Narrative missing No attestation statement
	 Verbal Certification If applicable, missing one or both the Medical Director and/or attending
	 Signature and date No physician signature Illegible signature Predating physician signature Signature not dated Lack of both Medical Director and Attending signatures as applicable
СНАР	Certification Dates • Not clearly stated

