

Hospice Accreditation Intensive

An Interactive Virtual Training



Bobbie Warner RN, BSN Senior Program Manager Linda Lockhart BSN,MPH



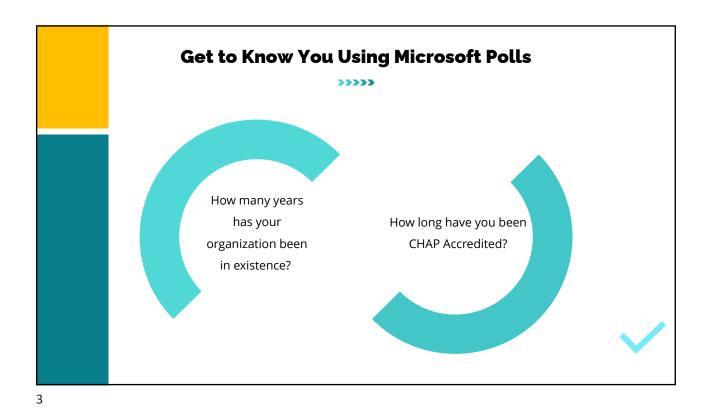
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Chat Box Sharing:

Name - State - Fun Fact



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Housekeeping

Introductions

Agenda and Handouts

Agenda end Ouse of Chat

Raise and lower of hand

Disclosures/Conflict of Interest

This nursing continuing professional development activity was approved by the Virginia Nurses Association, an accredited approver by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation.

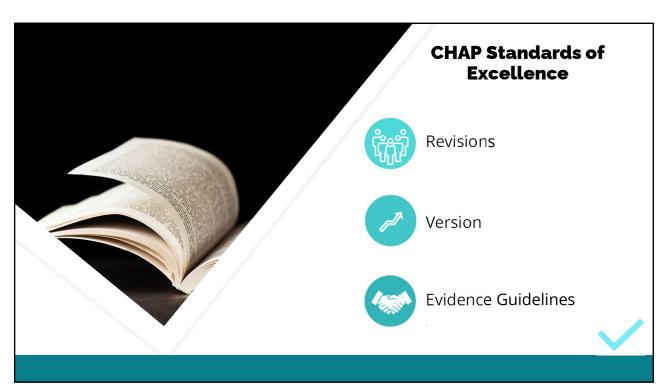
There are no conflicts of interest for any individual in a position to control content for this activity.

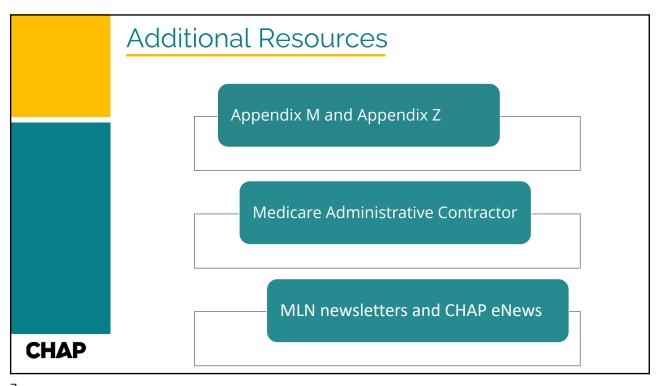
How to obtain CE contact hours:

Criteria for successful completion includes attendance at the entire event (both days), participation in engagement activities, completion of an evaluation and completion of the consulting exam.

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	Resou	ırce Tool Example
	Standard	Summary of Content
	HPFC 1.D	The hospice has a Patient Bill of Rights and Responsibilities
	HPFC 2.D	Required elements of the Patient Bill of Rights
	HPFC 3.I	Provision of the Bill of Rights during the initial assessment and prior to care provision
	HPFC 4.I	Patient right to exercise their rights without discrimination or reprisal
	HPFC 5.I	Addressing patients not competent to exercise their rights
	HPFC 6.D	Complaint management process including policies and procedures
	HPFC 7.D	Addressing allegations of verbal, mental, sexual, physical abuse/mistreatment
	HPFC 8.D	Hospice response to alleged violations of abuse/mistreatment per policy
	HPFC 9.D	Patient is informed and provided written instruction regarding advanced directives
	HPFC 10.I	Advance Directive information provided at initiation of care and documented
СНАР		

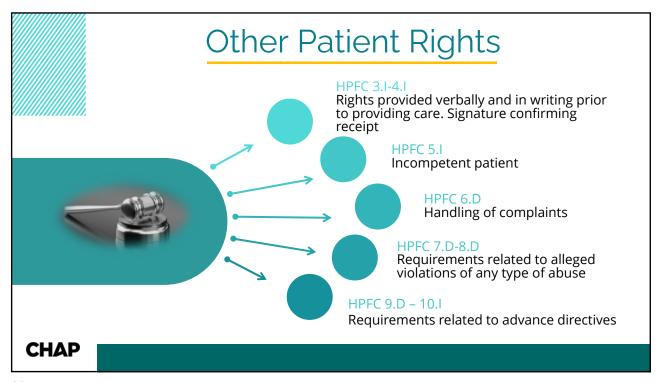
Hospice Patient/Family Centered Care (HPFC)

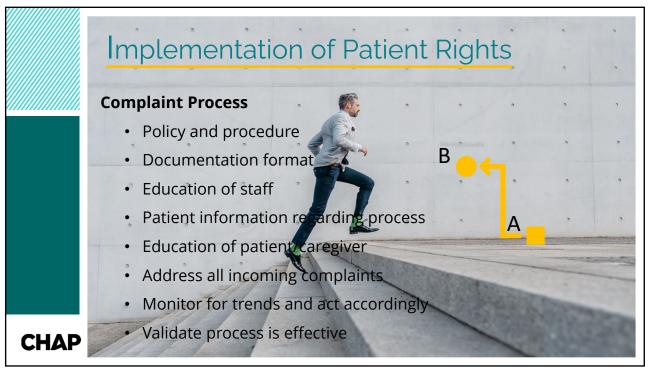
Elements of the Patient Bill of Rights

- **Involvement** in development of the Plan of care
- Informed of
 - Scope of services
 - Limitations of those services
 - Hospice's advance directive policy
 - Services covered under the hospice benefit
- **Refuse** care or treatment
- Choose their own attending

- Free from mistreatment, neglect, verbal, mental, sexual or physical abuse, misappropriate of property and treated with respect
- Able to voice grievances regarding treatment provided or failed to provide
- Confidential record per law and regulation
- Received effective pain management and symptom control

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Top Findings in HPFC

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
HPFC 10.I	Advance directive provided to patients	L503	36%
HPFC 1.D	Hospice has a bill of rights	L501	21%
HPFC 2.D	Elements to be present in the Patient Bill or Rights	L515, L503, L518	21%

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13

Top Findings in HPFC

HPFC 1.D; 415.82: Bill of Rights

<u>L 501</u> - The patient has the right to be informed of his or her rights, and the hospice must protect and promote the exercise of these rights.

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Top Findings in HPFC

HPFC 10.1; 418.52(a): Advance Directives

L503 - The hospice must inform and distribute written information to the patient concerning its policies on advance directives, including a description of applicable State law

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15

Top Findings in HPFC

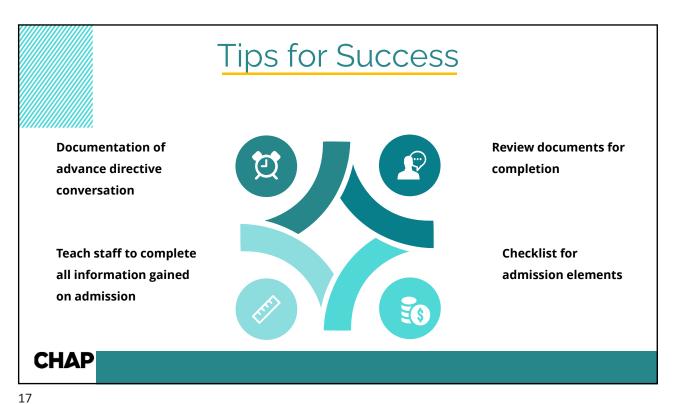
HPFC. D2; 418.52(c)4; Elements of the Bill of Rights

L 503: The hospice must inform and distribute written information to the patient concerning its **policies** on advance directives, including a description of applicable State law.

L 515: Right to choose their attending physician; have this person involved in their medical care in all hospice settings and the attending provides the care for the patient

L 518: - Receive information about the services covered under the hospice benefit

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Hospice Assessment, Care Planning and Coordination

HCPC

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19

HCPC 1.I-3.I

Interdisciplinary Group

Composition

- Medical Director
- Registered Nurse
- Social Work
- Pastoral and other counselors

Role

- To provide care and services offered by the organization
- Supervises the care and services provided to the patient and family



Hospice Admission Requirements

Initial determination of anticipated life expectancy of six months or less

- Primary terminal condition and related diagnosis(es)
- Current subjective and objective medical findings
- Current medication and treatment orders
- Information about the medical management of any of the patient's conditions unrelated to the terminal illness

Recertification

- Determined by medical director or designated physician
- Timeframe no later than 2 calendar days after first day of each benefit period

21

HCPC 7.I-17.I

Timeframes

- Notice of election to be filed within 5 calendar days of the effective date of the election statement
- Initial assessment to be completed within 48 hours of patient's election of hospice care
- Comprehensive assessment to be completed no later than five (5) calendar days after the election of hospice care
- The first day of the five days begins the day after the election

Scenario

Ms. Iris is being discharged from the hospital with a new diagnosis of stage IV pancreatic cancer with metastasis to the liver and has agreed to hospice care upon returning home. The election was signed by Ms. Iris on 8/30/2021. She arrives home and the hospice team makes plans for assessment and development of the plan of care. Due to staffing circumstances a new employee, an RN new to hospice is scheduled to conduct the assessment. The quality director will be reviewing the documentation post assessment.

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23

Comprehensive Assessment Elements

Nature and condition causing admission	Co-morbid psychiatric history
Presence or lack of objective data and subjective complaints	Complications and risk factors that may affect care planning
Risk for drug diversion	Functional and cognitive status
Ability to participate in own care	Imminence of death
Symptoms and severity of symptoms	Bowel regimen if opioids are prescribed
Patient and family support systems	Patient/family need for counseling and education
Comprehensive pain assessment	Initial bereavement assessment
Patient/family needs for referrals	Comprehensive drug profile and review
Data elements for outcome measurement	

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HCPC 11.I - HCPC 16.I

Activity

Participants will use the assessment in their participant guide on pages 11 to 16 to evaluate the abilities of the clinician to conduct a comprehensive assessment.

Attendees will be divided into ten breakout rooms with each room assigned a specific area of the assessment to focus on

- o Group 1,2– Pain Assessment
- o Group 3,4 Psycho-social
- Group 5,6 Medications
- o Group 7,8 Coordination
- o Group 9,10 Education Conducted

Each group has one spokesperson volunteer to share with the group

The activity will be allowed 20 minutes



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25



BWO Once the participant guide is ready, put correct dates in Bobbie Warner, 2022-08-29T21:03:00.257

HCPC 12.I - Pain Assessment

History of pain and its treatment,

• pharmacological and non-pharmacological

Standardized pain assessment tool appropriate to

patient's developmental and cognitive status

Characteristics of the pain, including:

- · Location,
- frequency
- Intensity

Impact on usual activities and function (e.g., appetite, sleeping)

Goals for pain management - patient and family

Satisfaction with the current level of pain control.

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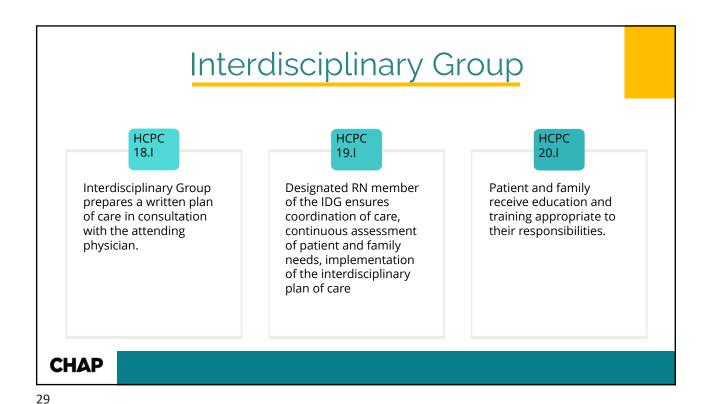
27

HCDT 9.I - Social Work Assessment

Assessment includes:

- Patient's and the family's adjustment to the terminal illness;
- Social and emotional factors related to the terminal illness;
- Presence or absence of adequate coping mechanisms;
- · Family dynamics and communication patterns;
- Financial resources and any constraints;
- Caregiver's ability to function effectively;
- Obstacles and risk factors that may affect compliance
- · Family support systems to facilitate end-of-life coping

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Interdisciplinary Group Involvement

The admitting clinician is conducting the assessment and does not address the initial bereavement assessment during their visit. The interdisciplinary team is informed of the admission on day two following the election of benefit. The spiritual counselor calls the patient on day three and is refused entry as the patient prefers to talk with her priest. An email is sent to the team to inform them of the patient's decision. The admitting clinician is off for three days and by day six following the election of benefit, there has been no initial bereavement assessment.

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Plan of Care Elements

Plan reflects patient and family goals

Planned interventions based on assessments

All services needed for palliation of terminal illness

Pain and symptom management

Scope and frequency of services

Measurable outcomes anticipated

Drugs and treatments

Medical supplies and appliances

Level of patient/representative agreement with the plan

Level of patient/representative involvement with the plan

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31

Individual Activity

- Participants will review the Plan of Care in their participant guide on pages 17-18 to evaluate the abilities of the clinician to develop a comprehensive Plan of Care.
- The activity will be allowed 10 minutes
- Discussion will follow related to the comprehensive nature of the plan of care



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Patient Name:	DOB	SOC Date;
Iris Wood	3/23/1952	9/1/2021
Routine Hospice Care Primary Hospice Diagnosis: Primary Secondary Diagnosis: Congestive Hea	rrt Failure	Attending physician: Name/Address Hospice Medical Director: Name/Address
Address: 45 Apple Blossom Road, Pir	neville GA	

Address: 45 Apple Blossom Road, Pineville GA

Visit frequency: RN 2w9, MSW 1m3, Chaplain – declined, Hospice Aide 2 w 10

DNR: Yes/No
Advance Directive: Yes/No Medical Power of Attorney (POA)Name: Contact phone number
Language Preference: English
Equipment: Oxygen concentrator, Portable Oxygen cylinders, hospital bed, overhead table, Shower chair etc.
Medical Supplies/Appliances: Depends
Special Precautions: Example, fall, oxygen, bleeding
Allergies:

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35

Problem	Alteration in respiratory status	
Intervention	Assess vital signs, Assess respiratory status; Assess adequate oxygen to patient comfort level; Teach oxygen Usage, Teach s/s respiratory infection	
Goal	Patient will exhibit adequate oxygenation within 1 week as noted by normal respiratory rate and depth.	
PATIENT/FAMILY GO	AL:	
Problem	Alteration in Pain Management	
Intervention	Teach Pt/PCG appropriate use of pain control medications. Teach use of medications per comfort box; assess effectiveness of medication for pain control; assess availability of pain medications; if opiates are prescribed patient placed on stool softener, teach Pt/PCG s/s to report to agency	
Goal	Patient's pain will be managed to patient acceptable level of 4	
PATIENT /FAMILY GO	AL	
Problem	Alteration in urinary status as evidenced by incontinence	
Intervention	Assess skin for potential breakdown; Teach Pt/PCG of need to ensure dry clothing/linen;	
Goal	Patient will be free from skin breakdown related to incontinence	
PATIENT/FAMILY GO	AL .	
Problem	Alteration in nutritional status	
Intervention	Assess nutritional status of patient; Teach Pt/PCG use of small frequent meals rather than large meals; Teach use of high protein supplements	
Goal	Patient will be able to enjoy small amounts of food that are appetizing to her. Nutritional status will assist maintenance of skin integrity.	

Problem	Alteration in ability to care for personal care needs
Intervention	Assess patient need for assistance with ADL. Teach Pt/PCG measures for safety during transfer and ambulation; Aide to provide care to patient 2 times per week for shower with use of shower chair; shampoo each visit, assist with transfer and ambulation; to inform RN of changes in the patient condition
Goal	Patient's personal care needs will be met safely and effectively.

SPECIFIC PHYSICIAN ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

OXYGEN 2 LITERS VIA NASAL CANNULA CONTINUOUS.

Foley: Size 14 fr Balloon 5cc to drainage bag PRN Yes /No /prn for urinary retention

Routine comfort pack

Patient/Caregiver participated in plan of care and agree to care being provided.

Date: _____Signed and dated by the following physician. Marcus Welby MD

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37

HCPC 23 - Coordination

IDG is responsible for directing, coordinating and supervising care

Care and services are provided in accordance with the plan of care

Care and services are based upon all assessments

Sharing of information occurs between all disciplines, in all settings

Including those under arrangement

Coordination occurs with other non-hospice healthcare providers providing services unrelated to the terminal illness and related conditions

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Top Findings in HCPC

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited of HCPC
HCPC 21.I	Elements of the Plan of Care	L545, L548	25%
HCPC 15.I	Medication Profile and Drug Review	L530	15%
HCPC 9.I	Assessment within 5 days in accordance with elements of the hospice election statement	L523	13%
HCPC 19.I	Designated RN coordinates care/individualized plan of care in collaboration with physician, patient, primary caregiver	L540, L543	12%
HCPC 22.I	Timely review of the Plan of Care, Revision based on assessment and must note progress	L552, L553	9%

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39

Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC 21.1; 418.56(c): Content of the Plan of Care

L545 - Goals and Interventions and services for palliation and management of terminal illness

<u>L548</u> - 418.56(c)(3) - Measurable outcomes anticipated from implementing and coordinating the plan of care.

HCPC 15.I; 418.54(c)(6): Drug profile

L530 -A review of all the patient's prescription and over the-counter drugs, herbal remedies and other alternative treatments

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Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC 9.I; 418.54(b); Timeframe for completion of the comprehensive assessment

L523 - The hospice interdisciplinary group, in consultation with the individual's attending physician (if any), must complete the comprehensive assessment no later than 5 calendar days after the election of hospice care

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41

Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC19.I; 418.56(a)(1): Responsible lead

L 540 - The hospice must designate a registered nurse that is a member of the interdisciplinary group to provide coordination of care and to ensure continuous assessment of each patient's and family's needs and implementation of the interdisciplinary plan of care.

HCPC 19.1; 418.56(b) Plan of care

<u>L543</u> - All hospice care and services furnished to patients and their families must follow an individualized written plan of care

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Top Findings in HCPC

HCPC 22.I; 418.56(d): Review of the plan of care

L552 - The hospice interdisciplinary group (in collaboration with the individual's attending physician, if any) must review, revise and document the individualized plan as frequently as the patient's condition requires, but no less frequently than every 15 calendar days.

<u>**L553**</u> - Revised plan of care includes the updated comprehensive assessment

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43

Tips for Success Focused audits Use of Templates Standardized processes and documentation Educate staff on alternate assessment components Psycho-social Spiritual Bereavement





HCDT Standard Summary

HCDT 1.I-4.I	Provision/Availability of services
HCDT 5.I-14.I	Care in accordance with Plan of Care/standards of Practice
HCDT 15.I-21.I	Aide/Homemaker/Volunteer
HCDT 22.I-28.I	Provision of Services
HCDT 29.I-35.I	Drugs and biologicals
HCDT 36.d-40.l	Discharge/transfer of care
HCDT 41.I	Imminent Death

47

Provision of all Services

HCDT.5-12.l

HCDT.13-21

Core Services

- Physician
- Nursing
- Social Work
- Counseling
 - Spiritual
 - Dietary

Non-Core Services

- Physical therapy, Occupational therapy, Speech Language Pathology
- Hospice aide and homemaker services
- Volunteer services

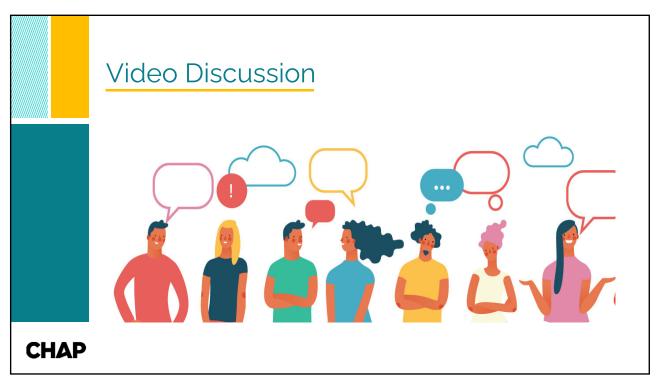
Requirements

- meet the qualifications of their discipline
- Provide services per the plan of care and in compliance with standards of practice
- Under the direction of the physician
- Meet the needs of the patient and family



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Interdisciplinary Team Meeting

Review the IDT note from the first meeting held after the visit observed with Ms. Iris (pages 22-23)

Identify areas of challenge for this clinician in her report to the team

Prepare for a robust discussion

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51

Patient: Iris Wood SOC: 9/1/2021

Diagnosis - Pancreatic Cancer with metastasis

Secondary – Congestive heart Failure Level of Care: Routine Hospice Care

Age: 76

Advance Directives – Yes Opioid usage - yes

Date of Meeting: 10/14/2021

Problem overview:

- diminished respiratory function
- increased weakness
- increased pain
- decreased mobility
- decrease in appetite

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Nursing: Patient pain is increasing and becoming difficult to manage at night. Pain medication changes 3 times this week to gain control to the self-identified level of acceptable pain at 4. Patient restlessness increasing and anxiety level escalating. Increasing loss of appetite, eating only small bites with meals. Increased nausea and lack of bowel movement for past three days. Continues oxygen at 2l/min. Caregiver becoming exhausted and unable to get restful sleep. Patient requiring maximum assistance with transfer. Using walker that husband had in storage from his hip surgery.

Recommendations: continued adjustment of pain medication for control of pain. Continued oxygen for comfort level. Continue aide services at 4 times per week, increase nursing visit to five times per week.

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Signed: Nurse Julie RN

53



Social Worker: Has not been able to fit patient into her schedule since patient admission.

Recommendations: Social Worker to schedule immediate visit to discuss anxiety and caregiver ability to meet patient needs.

Signed: Socially Adept MSW

Spiritual Counselor: has not seen patient as patient declined services. Not present at this meeting

Recommendations: None

Volunteer Coordinator: has no ability to schedule volunteer *Recommendations:* As soon as a volunteer is available, will let the team know to evaluate the need of the patient/family for volunteer services Signed: Helping Hand

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Physician: Has made multiple changes to medications and will plan on increasing medications as needed and add medication for anxiety.

Recommendations: Orders as follows:

- Social worker will increase visits to weekly with first visit to be within 24 hours
- RN increase visit to 4xw
- No change to aide visits
- Chaplain awaiting patient request
- Volunteer services to be initiated when available
- Adjustments to pain regimen, addition of anxiety med
- Orders for Ensure supplement

Signed: Marcus Welby MD

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55

Interdisciplinary Team Meeting

Identify areas of challenge for this clinician in her report to the team

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Top Findings in HCDT

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited Of HCDT
HCDT 16.I	Hospice Aide fulfills responsibilities in the plan of care	L 626	29%
HCDT 15.I	Written aide instructions are prepared by RN	L 625	11%
HCDT 39.I	D/C Summary at time of revocation	L 683	10%
HCDT 18.I	Hospice aide reports changes and documents	L 628	8%
HCDT 38.I	Summary needed for transferred patient	L 682	7%

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Top Findings

HCDT.15.I; 418.76(g): Hospice aide assignments and duties

L625 - Assigned to a specific patient by a registered nurse: *Written Instruction* -Prepared by an RN responsible for the supervision of the aide

- Need to be specific, not generic

HCDT.16

L 626 - A hospice aide provides services:

- · Ordered by the Interdisciplinary Group;
- Included in the plan of care;
- · Permitted to be performed under state law and regulation;
- · Consistent with the hospice aide training.

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59

Top Findings

HCDT 18.I; 418.76 (g) 4: Hospice Aide

L628 - Hospice aides must report changes in the patient's medical, nursing, rehabilitative, and/or social needs to a registered nurse as the changes relate to the plan of care and any quality assessment and improvement activities

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Top Findings

HCDT.38.I; 418.104(e): Discharge or transfer of care

<u>L682</u> If the care of a **hospice patient is transferred** to a Medicare/Medicaid facility, the hospice forwards to the receiving facility a copy of:

- -the hospice discharge summary
- -the patient's record, if requested.

Discharge summary includes:

treatments, symptoms, and pain management;

- -current plan of care and latest physician orders
- -documentation to assist in post-discharge continuity of care

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61

Top Findings

HCDT.39 I; 418.104(e)(2): Clinical Records

L 682- If a patient revokes hospice care or is discharged from hospice per hospice regulation §418.26 (i.e., no longer terminally ill), the hospic forwards to the patient's attending physician:

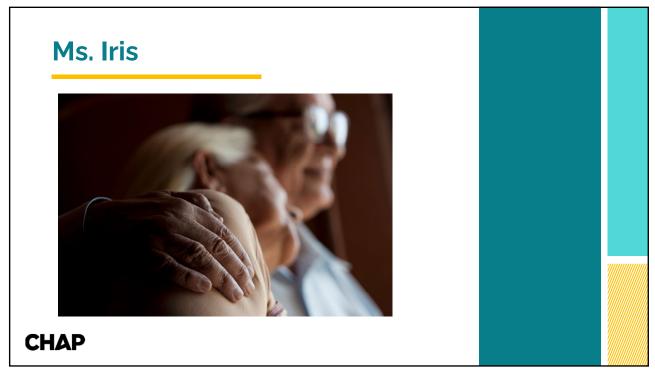
- A copy of the hospice discharge summary;
- The patient's record, if requested.

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Iris' pain management

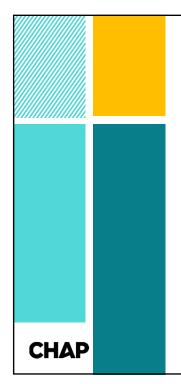
Ms. Iris Wood, a 69-year-old female was admitted to the hospice with a terminal diagnosis of Stage 4 pancreatic cancer with metastasis to the lung four weeks ago.

She lives with her husband of 49 years who is somewhat frail but fully involved in her care. The daughter has been providing some assistance but needs to return to her family.

Over a 3-week period, Ms. Iris has had progressive difficulty in pain management. When admitted, the patient's pain was being controlled with MS Contin. Upon admission the use of Dilaudid 2mg for breakthrough pain was added, in week two of her hospice episode, her pain medication plan was changed to oxycontin SR every 12 hours with Dilaudid 8mg for breakthrough pain. In week three Fentanyl patches with Actiq lozenges were unable to provide her acceptable relief.

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67



Thoughts to Consider

Is short-term inpatient care the right choice for Ms. Iris?

Is there any other level of care that would be appropriate?

What level of care would be appropriate if fatigue of the husband was the main issue?

BW0 Start here for review for november

Bobbie Warner, 2022-11-04T21:01:43.497

Levels of Care

Routine

-90% of care provided; provided in home, ALF; SNF

Continuous

-8-24 hrs./day at home; may include Home Health Aide services

Inpatient Respite

-Caregiver relief, 5 Consecutive days

General Inpatient

Hospice inpatient home or SNF for RN direct 24hr/day care

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69

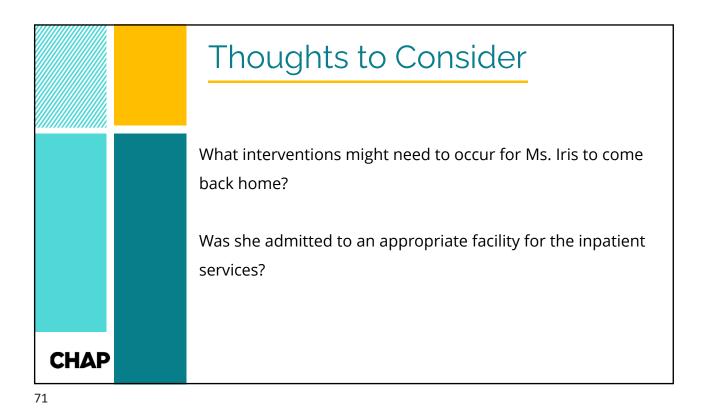
GIP Decision

The decision was made to admit her to GIP for pain management. This decision was very difficult for the husband to agree to but after discussion with the social worker, he admitted he felt hopeful in that his wife may be able to get some pain relief. It was noted by members of the IDT that the husband appeared exhausted and had not had a good night's sleep in 3 weeks.

In addition, the personal care needs of his wife were growing more complex each day and without his daughter's help, he was overwhelmed with his wife's needs.

Ms. Iris was admitted to a Medicare Certified Skilled Nursing Facility that the hospice had contracted with for their provision of GIP services.

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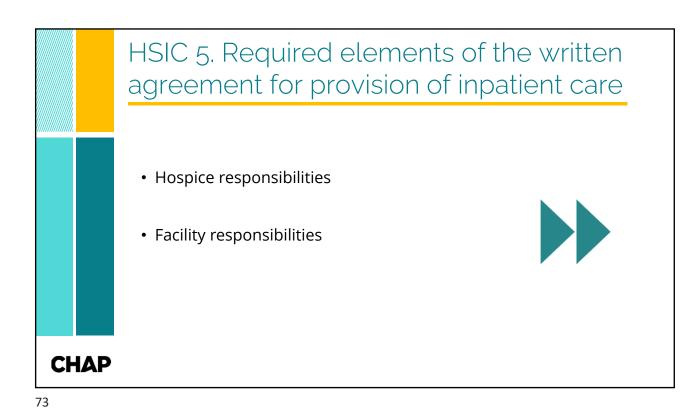


HSIC1.–4.I General inpatient standards

- Eligibility
- Pain and symptom management control
- Medicare certified facility



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Agreement Requirements

Hospice:

- · Plan of Care
- · Inpatient clinical record
- Discharge summary
- Training
 - o Documented
- Compliance

Inpatient Provider:

- Policies
- Clinical Record
- Inpatient record available
- · Designated individual

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HSIC 6.I -34.I Direct owned IPU

- Staffing
- Emergency preparedness
- Life Safety Code
- Facility specifics
- Infection control program
- Medication administration



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75

Specifics to life safety code-LSC

LSC applies to in-patient Hospice facilities

Required to meet NFPA 101 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code

State regulations must meet or exceed the NFPA regulations

LSC requirements for alternate energy sources include:

- A portable and mobile generator meeting LSC NFPA 70 code
- A permanent generator meeting LSC and NFPA guidelines.

LSC requirements for Fire Safety: fire/safety drills are held on all shifts at *varied* times



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HSIC 35.I -46.I - Restraint and seclusion

- Use of
- · Plan of Care
- Policies and procedures
- · Responsible staff
- Training



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77

Direct or Under Arrangement

Under Arrangement

- Written Agreement
- Ensuring facility complies with Life Safety Code
- Infection control as per hospice policy
- Complies with restraint/seclusion requirements

Direct

- Appropriate staffing/24 Hour Nursing
- Responsible for Emergency Preparedness compliance: policies/testing/communication
- Life Safety Code Compliance
- Facility specific infection control
- Policies related to restraint/seclusion

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Top Findings in HSIC

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
HSIC 28.I	Preparation/delivery/storage of meals	L736	38%
HSIC 15.I	Documented/dated Life Safety Code fire drills	E0039, L724 L726	23%

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79

Top Findings in HSIC

HSIC28.1; 418.110(I): Meal service and menu planning.

L736 - Consistent with the patient's plan of care, nutritional needs, and therapeutic diet; (2) Palatable, attractive, and served at the proper temperature; and (3) Obtained, stored, prepared, distributed, and served under sanitary conditions.

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Top Findings in HSIC

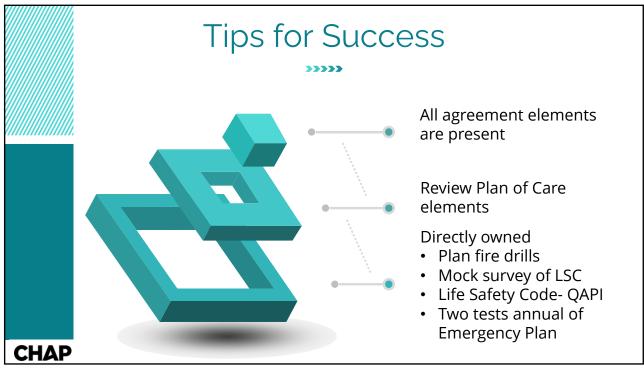
HSIC 15.I; 418.110(c) Physical environment.

<u>L 724</u> - The hospice must maintain a safe physical environment free of hazards

L726 - 418.110(c)(1)(ii): written disaster preparedness plan in effect for managing the consequences of power failures, natural disasters, and other emergencies

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81







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83

Similarities Written Agreement Financial Responsibility. Hospice Standards and Plan of Care. HSIC and HSRF Differences Bereavement responsibilities Training responsibilities Provision of 24-hour nursing



Written Agreement

Hospice Responsibility elements:

The hospice may use the SNF/NF or ICF/IDF nursing staff, where permitted by state law and as specified by the SNF/NF or ICF/IDF, to assist in the administration of prescribed therapies included in the plan of care only to the extent that the hospice would routinely use the services of a hospice patient's family.

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Written Agreement

Hospice Responsibilities elements:

- Medical direction and management of the patient;
- Nursing/Counseling/Social work
- Provision of medical supplies, durable medical equipment, and drugs
- All other hospice services related to terminal illness
- · Reporting of mistreatment or abuse
- Provision of bereavement services

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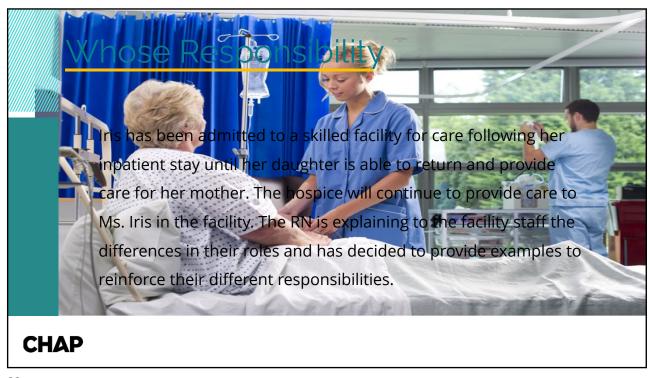
87

Written Agreement

Facility Responsibility elements:

- 24-hour room and board
- Meeting usual personal care and nursing needs care, meeting the personal care and nursing needs that would have been provided by the primary caregiver at home, at the same level of care provided before hospice care was elected by the patient/resident.

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Whose Responsibility? Provision of meals Physician call upon worsening of symptoms Providing a chair bath 3 times per week Assisting with incontinence Determining the bowel regimen Implementing the bowel regimen Determines a need for changing the level of care Financial responsibility for incontinence supplies Financial responsibility for medications addressing the terminal illness



Hospice:

- Calling the physician upon worsening symptoms (2)
- Determining the bowel regimen for a patient on opioids (5)
- Determines a need for changing the level of care (7)
- Financial responsibility for medications addressing the terminal illness (9)

Facility:

- Provision of meals (1)
- Providing a chair bath 3 times per week (3)
- Assisting the patient with incontinence (4)
- Implementing the bowel regimen (6)
- Financial responsibility for long term incontinence supplies (8)

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91

Top Findings in HSRF

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
HSRF 6.I	Hospice plan of care is in place/coordination occurs with facility	L 774	50%
HSRF 9.I	Clinical record required components	L781	50%

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Top Findings in HSRF

HSRF 6.I; 418.112(d)(1): Hospice Plan of Care

L774 - identify the care and services that are needed and specifically identify which provider is responsible

HSRF 9.1: 418.112(e)(3) Clinical record

L781 - must have a process by which information from the hospice IDG plan of care reviews, updated assessments, and the facility team and the patient and family (as applicable) will be exchanged

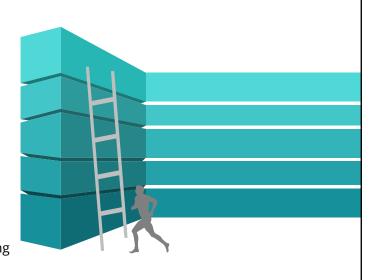
CHAP

93

Tips for Success

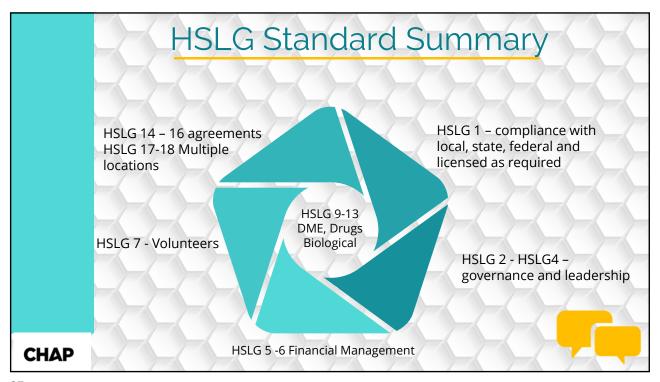
- Each intervention is assigned
- Documentation reflects coordination and agreement
- Audit record for required hospice elements:
 - Plan of care and other orders
 - CTI
 - Advance directives
 - Contact info for hospice staff
 - 24-hour call direction
 - Hospice medication

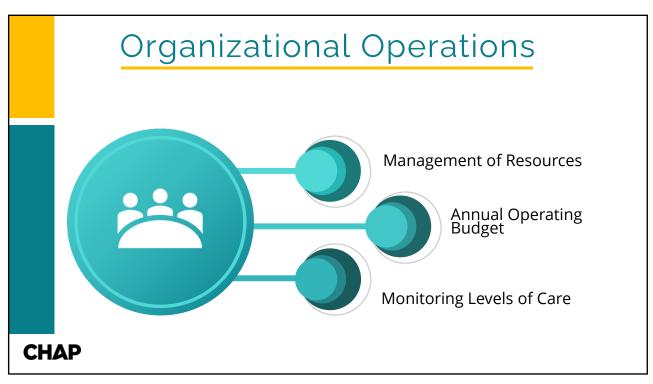
Hospice physician and attending physician

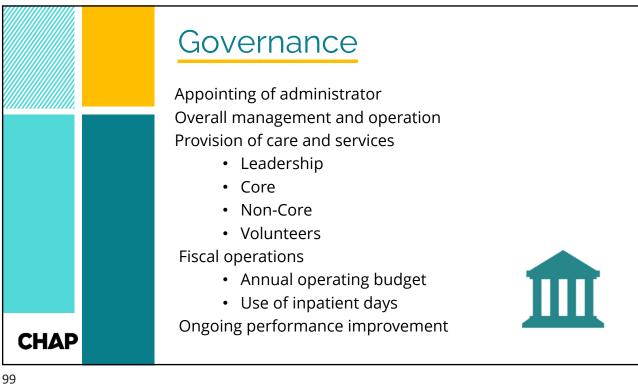


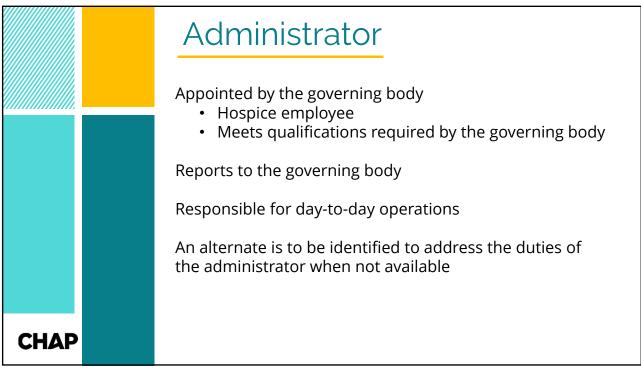


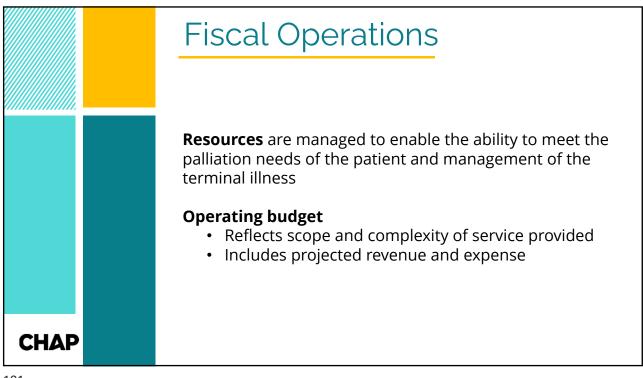


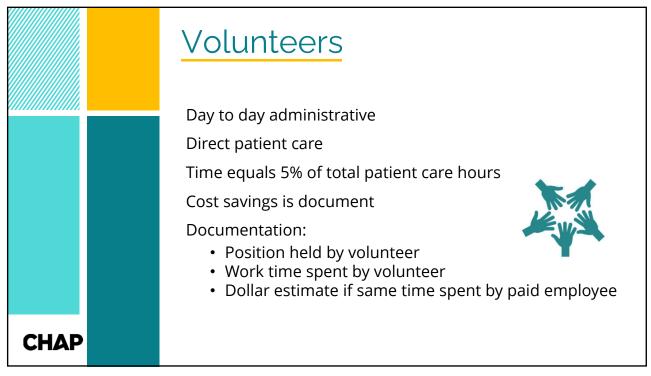




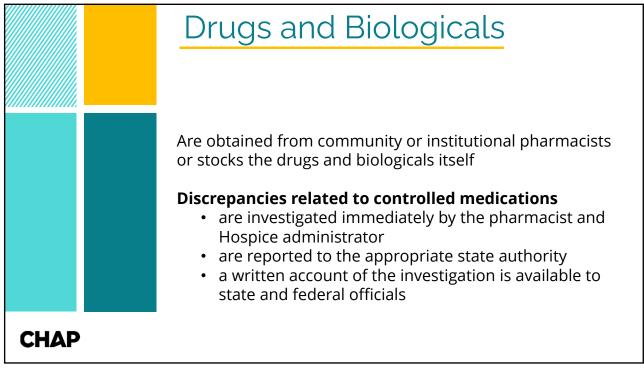












Agreements

- Scope of services
- IDG oversight and coordination
- Communication
- · Care authorized by hospice
- Qualified personnel
- · Safe and effective care
- · In accordance with Plan of Care
- Hospice may contract with medical director services
 - Self employed physician
 - Physician employed by professional entity or physician group

105

Multiple Locations







Ensures hospice multiple locations are approved by Medicare



 Ensures that each location is licensed in accordance with state licensure laws



- Clearly delineates lines of authority
- Shares administration

Top Finding in HSLG

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited HSLG
HSLG 3.I	Administrator qualifications and alternate	L 651	43%

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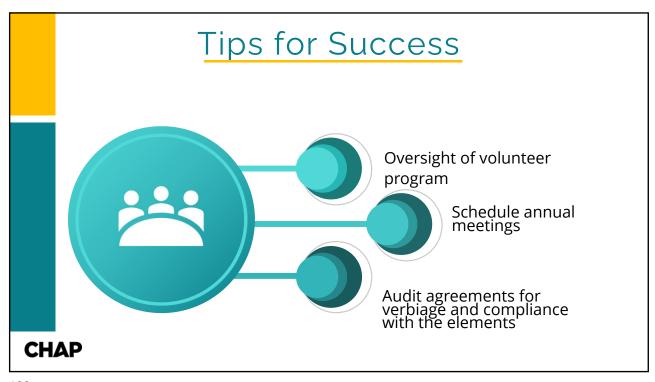
107

Top Finding

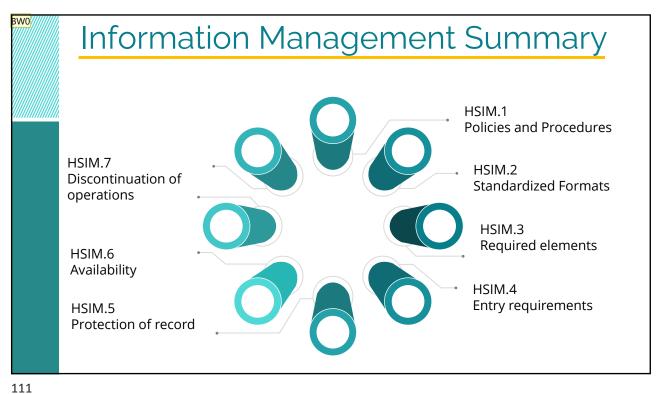
HSLG.3.I; 418.100(b): Governing body and administrator

L651 - A governing body assumes full legal authority and responsibility for the management of the hospice, all services, fiscal operations, quality.

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- Plans of Care
- Assessments
- Clinical notes
- Patient rights
- Hospice Election of Benefit
- Responses to

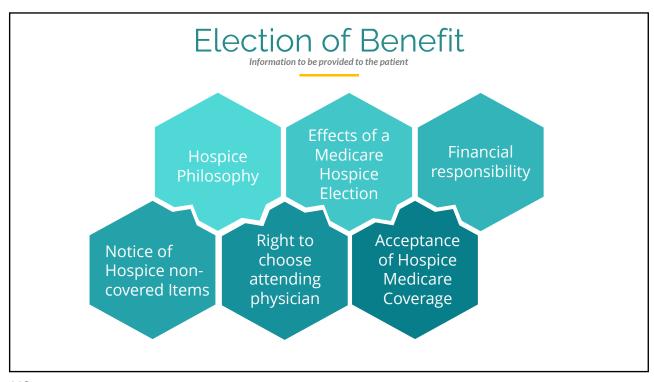
interventions



- •Outcome measure data elements
- Physician certification
- Advance Directives
- Inpatient discharge summary
- Physician orders

BWO AS TIME ALLOWS, PUT IN SLIDE WITH 7 SLOTS

Bobbie Warner, 2022-11-07T15:43:02.848



Notification of Non-Covered Items

- ✓ Diagnosis related to terminal illness and related conditions
- ✓ Diagnosis unrelated to terminal illness and related conditions
- ✓ Non-Covered items, services and drugs determined by hospice as not related to terminal illness and related conditions

https://www.cms.gov/files/document/model-hospice-election-statement-and-addendum.pdf

Certification of Terminal Illness

Timeframe

Verbal or written no later than 2 calendar days after the start of each benefit period.

· Written must be signed and dated prior to billing Medicare

Initial certification and recertifications may be completed up to 15 days prior to the start of the next benefit period

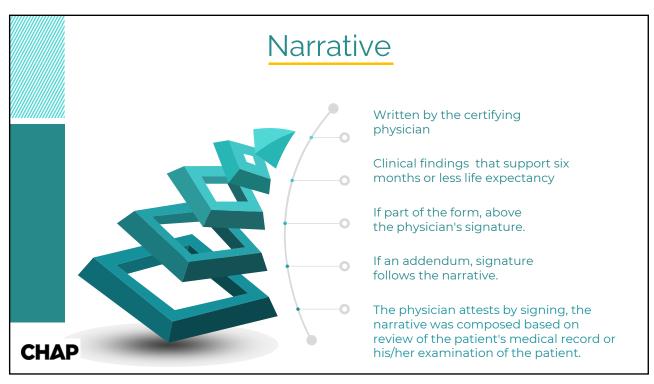
Certifying Physician only

Contents

- Medical prognosis
- Narrative
- •The benefit period dates

115

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Face to Face Encounter

Third benefit period and subsequent:

- Why clinical findings of face-to-face encounter support six months or less.
- Documentation
 - date of the encounter,
 - o an attestation by the physician or nurse practitioner that he/she had an encounter with the beneficiary.
 - If the encounter was done by a nurse practitioner, he/she must attest that clinical findings were provided to the certifying physician

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117

Common Errors

Narrative

- Missing
- · No attestation statement

Verbal Certification

If applicable, missing one or both the Medical Director and/or attending

Signature and date

- No physician signature
- Illegible signature
- Predating physician signature
- Signature not dated
- Lack of both Medical Director and Attending signatures as applicable

CHAP

Certification Dates

Not clearly stated

Top Finding in HSIM

Standard	Content	CMS Tag	% Cited
HSIM 3.I	Elements of the clinical record	L 676, L 673, L 678	95%

CHAP

119

Top Finding in HSIM

HSIM 3.I; 418.104(a)(5) Clinical Records

<u>**L 676**</u> - Physician certification and recertification of terminal illness

L673 - 418.104(a)(2) - Signed copies of the notice of patient rights and election statement

<u>L678 - 418.104(a)(7)</u> - Physician orders

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